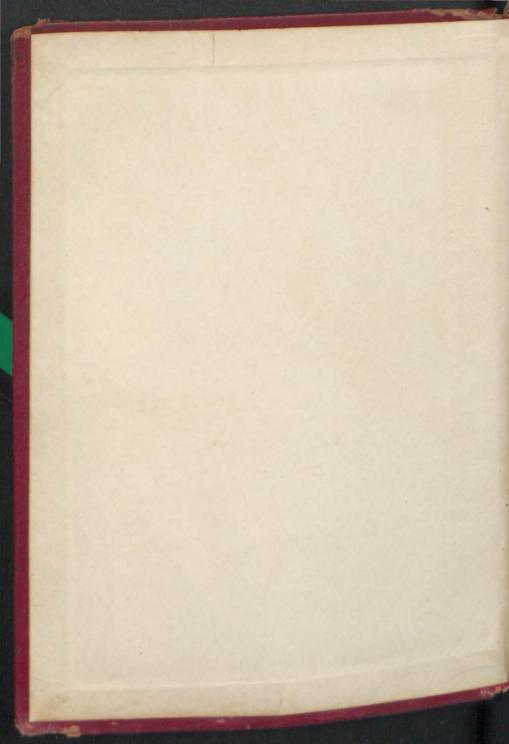
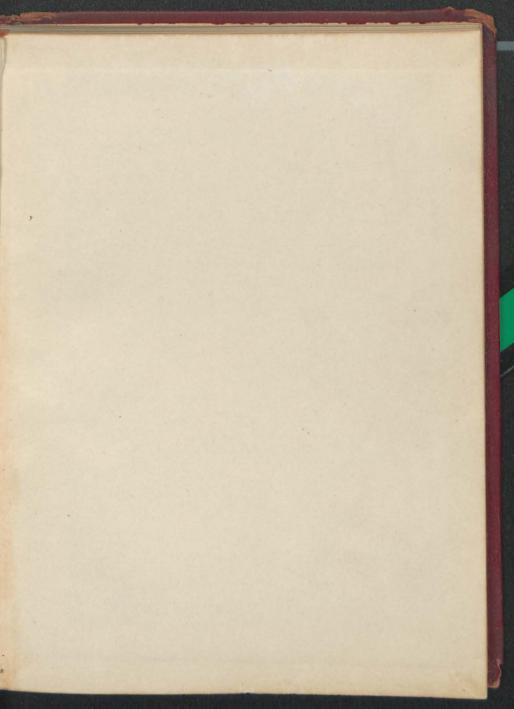
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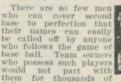
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A.A.U governing body of ath-letes in the United States of America, and all games must be held under its rules, which are exclusively published in this handbook, and a copy should be in the hands of every athlete





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This is the official handbook of the Public Schools Athletic League. which embraces all the public schools of Greater New York. It contains the official rules that govern all the contests of the league, and con-

stitution, by-laws and Edited by Dr. Luther Halsey Gulick, superintendent of physical education in the New York public schools. Illustrated. Price 10 cents.

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Contains constitution and by-laws, list of of-ficers, and records of the association, Price cents.



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Price 10 cents.

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This book was specially compiled for the use of amateurs by Dr. James T. Gwathmey, director of the Vanderbilt University Gymnas-ium. Nashville, Tenn. ium. Nashville, Tenn. Every variety of the pasis explained by time is explained text and pictures.

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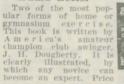
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10 cents.

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This is undoubtedly the best work on dumbbells that has ever been offered. The author, Mr. G. Bojus, was formerly superintendent of Elizabeth (N. J.) public schools. nt Columbia University (New



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This book is not technical treatise, but a series of plain and practical exercises with the medicine ball, suitable medicine pair, surfaces for boys and girls, business and professional men, in and out of gymnasium. Lengthy explanation and technical

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Group XV. Gymnastics

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C.A. The author says:
All concede that games and recreative exercises during the adolescent period are preferable to would harmonize with it has been the established custom in most gymnastic exercises, set drill, never varied from one boy's nightmare, and he will look by's nightmare, and he will look

it has been the established custom in most gymnasiums of memorizing a set drill, never varied from one year's end to the other. Consequently the beginner was given the same kind and amount as the older member. With a view to giving unformity the present treatise is attempted. Price 10 cents.

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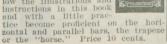


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variety of subjects: Chap-ter I—Basic principles; longevity. Chapter II— Hints on eading; food values; the uses of salt. Chapter III—Medicinal yalue of certain foods. Chapter IV value of certain foods. Chapter IV— The efficacy of sugar; sugar, food for muscular work; eating for strength and endurance; fish as brain food; food for the children, chapter V—Digestillity; bread; ap-pendicitis due to flour, etc., etc. Price 10 cents.

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A book that all who value health should read and follow its instruc-tions. By Prof. E. B. Warman, the wellknown lecturer and authority on physical culture. Price 10 cents.

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most thorough, the most complete, the most satisfactory, and the most fascinating of systems, Price 10 cts.

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photographic illustrations of exercises which tend to cure the above diseases. If the hints therein contained are observed and the exercises York public schools. A faithfully performed, most forms of complete treatise on the price above diseases will be helped. Price 10 cents.

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CONSTITUTION AND PLAYING RULES

OF THE

NATIONAL LEAGUE

OF

PROFESSIONAL
BASE BALL CLUBS

1907

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

NEW YORK

AMERICAN SPORTS PUBLISHING COMPANY

21 WARREN STREET

Constitution of the National League of Professional Base Ball Clubs 1907

Adopted March 3, 1904.

Amended December. 1905: February, 1906, and February, 1907.

STATE OF

Name.

SECTION 1. This Association shall be called the National League of Professional Base Ball Clubs.

Objects.

SEC. 2. The objects of this League are:

r. To immortalize base ball as the national game of the United States.

2. To surround it with such safeguards as to warrant absolute public confidence in its integrity and methods.

3. To protect and promote the mutual interests of professional base ball clubs and professional base ball players, and

4. To establish and regulate the professional base ball championship of the United States.

M'embership.

SEC. 3. This League shall consist of eight clubs (the membership shall not be increased or diminished except by unanimous consent of the League), located in and representing the following cities, to wit: Boston, New York, Brooklyn, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis and Chicago, and in no event shall there be more than one club in any city.

Withdrawal from Membership.

SEC. 4. Any club member of the League unable to meet the obligations it has assumed may ask the League for permission to dispose of its rights and franchises as a member of the League in that city to some other corporation. In the event of this League giving its consent to the transfer

of membership from one company to another it must be understood that the new member shall assume with the franchise and rights of the retiring company all the liabilities, responsibilities and obligations entered into by the retiring company. It must also be understood by the retiring and new company that the company retiring shall not be relieved or released from any contract or obligation entered into by it to this League until all of said contracts and obligations have been fully paid and determined by the company accepting its membership, rights and franchises.

Admission to Membership.

SEC. 5. A company to be admitted to membership in this League must first deliver to the Secretary of the League a written application signed by its President and Secretary, accompanied by documents showing that such company is regularly organized, chartered and officered, and is prepared to fully comply with the provisions of Section 4 of this Constitution. Such application shall at once be transmitted by the Secretary to the Board of Directors, who shall immediately investigate and report upon said application, said report to be communicated to the League through the Secretary.

SEC. 6. The voting upon an application for membership shall be by ballot, a three-fourths vote being requisite for

election.

In Regard to Vacancies.

SEC. 7. In case a vacancy occurs in the membership of this organization during the championship season, the President shall nominate to all the clubs all applications for membership; and the vote thereon may be taken by telegraph or mail, as occasion may require, and a majority of all the clubs will be required to admit any applicant to membership. Such membership, however, shall continue only until the next annual meeting, but such club shall be subject to all the rules and requirements of this organization.

Termination of Membership.

3EC. 8. The membership of any club may be terminated:

1. By resignation duly accepted by a three-fourths vote of all clubs in meeting duly convened as provided in Section 4.

2. By failure to present its nine at the time and place agreed upon to play any championship game, unless caused

by unavoidable accident in traveling.

3. By allowing open betting or pool selling upon its grounds or in any building owned or occupied by it.

4. By playing any game of ball with a club that is dis-

qualified or ineligible under this Constitution.

5. By offering, agreeing, conspiring or attempting to lose any game of ball; or failing to immediately expel any player who shall be proven guilty of offering, agreeing, conspiring or attempting to lose any game of ball, or of being interested in any pool or wager thereon.

6. By disbandment of its organization or club team

during the championship season.

7. By failing or refusing to fulfill its contractual obligations.

8. By failing or refusing to comply with any lawful re-

quirement of the Board of Directors.

9. By wilfully violating any provision of this Constitution, or the legislation or playing rules made in pursuance thereof, or any violation of the provisions of the National Agreement.

The Expulsion of Clubs.

SEC. 9. To carry into effect the provisions of Section 8 of this Constitution, the facts in any case covered by such section must be reported to the Secretary of the League, who shall at once notify by mail or telegraph the party charged with the specified default or offense, and inquire whether any dispute exists as to the facts alleged. In case the facts are disputed, the Board shall, after due notice, try the case under such regulations as they may prescribe; and their finding shall be final and conclusive on all parties except in case of expulsion, when such finding shall be forwarded to each club, which shall transmit to the Secretary written ballots "For Expulsion" or "Against Expulsion"; and if seven clubs vote "For Expulsion" the Secretary shall notify all clubs of the forfeiture of membership of the party charged.

Dues and Assessments.

SEC. 10. I. Each club shall pay to the Secretary, on or before the first day of April of each year, the sum of \$100.00 as annual dues; and such other sums as from time to time may be assessed for the payment of salaries of officers and umpires, and for such other expenses as may be incurred by order of this League or the Board of Directors. Also all fines and penalties imposed by said League or its Board of Directors upon a club or upon any club officer, player,

manager, scorer, or other employe when so levied and imposed by virtue of, and in accordance with, the provisions of this Constitution and the Playing Rules of this League.

2. Upon conviction of any of the offenses prescribed in Section 8 as causes for expulsion, the Board of Directors may, in the first instance, as a preliminary to, or in lieu of expulsion, impose such a fine as is in their judgment commensurate with the injury; which fine may include a penalty payable to any other club or clubs as an equivalent for damages sustained for such violation of this Constitution, or of the legislation or contracts made in pursuance thereof.

Officers.

SEC. 11. At its annual meeting the League shall elect a President and a Secretary-Treasurer and Board of Directors. The President shall be ex-officio Chairman of the Board of Directors. He shall report to the Board of Directors any violation of the provisions of this Constitution that may come to his knowledge. He shall be the sole interpreter of the Playing Rules during the championship season. He shall preside at all the meetings of the League, and at the annual meeting of the League shall act as schedule committee, unless said meeting shall otherwise direct.

Should the office of the President become vacant by death, resignation, or removal, the Board of Directors shall, within thirty days thereafter, elect a President. The office of President and Secretary-Treasurer may be held by the

same person.

The Secretary's Duties.

SEC. 12. The Secretary shall be the Treasurer of the League, and as such shall be the custodian of all funds of the League, receive all dues, fees and assessments, which shall be placed to the credit of the Treasurer in some bank of deposit to meet current expenses. He shall make such payments as shall be ordered by the Board or by the vote of the League, and render annually a report of his accounts; and he shall give such bond, with approval sureties, as the Board may require.

SEC. 13. The Secretary shall have the custody and care of the official records and papers of the League; shall keep a true stenographic record of all meetings of the League and the Board; shall issue all official notices, and attend to the necessary correspondence; he shall also prepare and furnish such reports as may be called for by the Board,

and shall be entitled to such books, stationery, blanks and materials as the actual duties of his office may require.

SEC. 14. The Secretary shall keep a record of all infractions of the rules and regulations of the League that may come under his notice, and shall make a report on the

same to the Board at its next meeting.

SEC. 15. The President and Secretary shall receive such salaries as the Board by vote shall determine, and shall be reimbursed for all traveling expenses actually incurred by them in the service of the League; and the Board may exact from them such guarantees for the faithful performance of their duties as they would deem for the interest and safety of the League. At the expiration of their terms of office they shall account for, and deliver up to the Board, all the property and papers which may have come into their hands by virtue of their offices.

SEC. 16. The Board of Directors shall consist of the President and five other members, to be chosen at the

annual meeting by ballot.

SEC. 17. In case of vacancy in the Board by reason of the death, resignation, absence, or disqualification of any Director, the club of which he was a member, at the time he was chosen, shall designate his successor, and at once notify the Secretary. But if such vacancy is caused by the withdrawal, disbanding, or disqualification of a club represented on the Board, the Board may fill the vacancy by election in the same manner as provided for the election of Directors in Section 11.

Qualification of Directors.

SEC. 18. No person shall be qualified to act as Director who is not an actual member of the club he represents; nor shall any club under any circumstances, be represented by more than one person on the Board of Directors; nor shall any Director sit in the trial of a cause in which his club is interested.

SEC. 19. The Board shall meet annually on the morning of the second Tuesday in December, at 12 o'clock noon, at the place where the annual meeting of the League is to be held, but may hold special meetings upon the call of the President or two members of the Board, whenever urgent

necessity may require.

SEC. 20. The Board shall prepare a detailed report of all their doings, and present the same in writing to the

League at its annual meeting; which report shall, if accepted, be filed with the Secretary, together with all official papers, documents and property which may have come into

their possession by virtue of their office.

SEC. 21. The Board shall have a general supervision and management of all the affairs, and business of the League, including the award of the championship and such other duties expressedly or impliedly conferred upon them by this Constitution, or by legislation made in pursuance thereof. It shall be the sole and exclusive tribunal for the trial of managers or players for any violation of this Constitution or of the playing rules or other rules of discipline, unless the League by a three-fourths vote of its club membership, shall otherwise direct. It shall be the sole and exclusive tribunal to hear and determine disputes between clubs, complaints by a club against the manager or player of another club, or by a manager or player against his own club, or an appeal by a player against fine, suspension or expulsion by his own club, or complaint by the President of the League against a club for failure to comply with Constitution requirements, and generally for the adjudication of all issues of law or fact arising out of this Constitution, the Playing Rules and other legislation made in pursuance thereof.

SEC. 22. The Board shall adopt such regulations and such rules of procedure for the hearing and determination of all disputes and complaints brought before them. Where such dispute is in relation to a game alleged to have been played in violation of this Constitution or of the Playing Rules, the complaint and accompanying proofs must be filed within five days after the date of said game with the President of the Board, who shall send a copy of the same to the other clubs, with orders to file its answer within five days thereafter. The President of the Board shall in the first instance decide the dispute on its merits and forthwith communicate his decision to both clubs, either of which may within five days appeal from said decision to the full Board. Said decision, together with all other documents and proofs, shall thereupon be transmitted for a mail vote to the different members of the Board. The finding of the Board shall be final, and under no circumstances shall be reconsidered, reopened or inquired into, either by the League or

any subsequent Board.

SEC. 23. The Board shall at once consider any complaint preferred by a club against a manager or player of another club (prior to the expiration of the championship season) for conduct in violation of any provision of this Constitution, or prejudicial to the good repute of the game of base ball; and shall have power to require the club, to which such player or manager may belong, to discipline him, and upon repetition of such offense to expel him. Provided, that such complaint be preferred in writing, giving such particulars as may enable the Board to ascertain all the facts, and such particulars shall be transmitted to the Secretary, by whom it shall at once be referred to the Board.

SEC. 24. In case a player, under contract with a League club, shall, during a current season, prefer a complaint in writing to the Secretary of the League against such a club, alleging that such club is in arrears to him for salary for more than fifteen days after such salary became due on account of such contract, the Secretary shall at once transmit to the said club a copy of such complaint, and require an answer thereto. On receipt of such answer, or if five days shall have elapsed without receipt of an answer. the Secretary shall refer the papers in the case to the Board of Directors, and should the Board find the player's complaint sustained, they shall require the club, under penalty of forfeiture of its membership, to pay to the player forthwith the full amount ascertained to be due him. Provided, that should the player refuse to serve the club pending action by the Board on his complaint, he will thereby forfeit the benefits of the award, and in such case the Board shall revoke his award.

SEC. 25. The Board shall promptly hear an appeal made by any person who shall have been expelled, suspended or disciplined by his club, except in cases of expulsion as provided in Section 38. Such person shall, within thirty days after the date of the expulsion, suspension or discipline, file with the Secretary a written statement of his defense, accompanied by a request that an appeal be allowed him. The Secretary shall notify the club of the request for an appeal, accompanying such notice with a copy of the appeal; and at the next meeting of the Board the club, by its duly authorized representative, and the appellant in person, by attorney or by written statement, shall appear before the Board with their testimony. The Board shall impartially hear the matter and render their decision, which shall be final and forever binding on both club and player.

SEC. 26. Any player under contract or reservation who may consider himself unjust treated or wronged by his

club shall have the right to submit his case to the President of the League, who shall, after soliciting evidence concerning the matter, present the same to the Board for hearing, recommendation or adjudication. The Board shall have authority to impose any just fine or pecuniary penalty on a club, a manager or a player, if warranted by their findings and decisions, and they may impose the expenses of trials and hearings on one or both parties to the controversy. But such fine, penalty and expenses may be remitted by a three-fourths vote of the League upon appeal duly made and heard at an annual or special meeting.

Individual Club Control.

SEC. 27. Each club shall have the right to regulate its own affairs, to establish its own rules and to discipline, punish, suspend or expel its own manager, players or other employes, and these powers shall not be limited to cases of dishonest play or open insubordination, but shall include all questions of carelessness, indifference or other conduct of the player that may be regarded by the club as prejudicial to its interest, and not in conflict with any provision of this Constitution, or the Playing Rules of this League.

Punishment of Scandalous Conduct.

SEC. 28. The President of the League shall have power, upon proper proof, to suspend for a definite period and to impose a fine not exceeding \$200 upon any League manager or player guilty, in public, of gross misbehavior, including intoxication, fighting, quarreling, indecency or other scandalous conduct, whether on or off the playing field, during the season, where the same is, in his opinion, calculated to bring disrepute upon the National League or National Game. Such fine can only be remitted by the Board of Directors after a hearing upon appeal duly prosecuted.

Club Territorial Rights.

SEC. 29. Every club of this League shall have exclusive control of the city in which it is located, and of the territory surrounding such city, to the extent of five miles in every direction from its corporate limits, and no visiting League club shall, under any circumstances, be allowed to play any club in such territory other than the League club therein located, without the consent of the local League club.

Reservation of Players

SEC. 30. Each club a member of this League shall be entitled to the right of reservation. On or before the 20th day of September in each year each club shall transmit to the Secretary a reserve list of the players whose services it desires to retain for the ensuing season, and who are then under contract to the said club for the current or for any succeeding season or seasons, and in addition thereto the names of such players reserved in any prior annual list who have refused to contract with said club. Such players, together with all others thereafter to be regularly contracted with, namely, players who have been secured by purchase or draft under the National Agreement for future services shall be ineligible to contract with any other club in this League except as hereinafter provided. No club shall have the right to reserve any player when in arrears of salary to him. The Secretary shall promulgate such lists on or before September 25th of each year.

Negotiating for Services.

SEC. 31. No player, without the consent of the club with which he is under contract or reservation, shall enter into negotiations with any other club for future services.

Contracts.

SEC. 32. Contracts made between a club and its players may be either by telegram or writing, to be followed within ten days thereafter by a contract in the form approved and promulgated by the President to all the clubs of the League.

SEC. 33. The League shall adopt such form of contract as it may deem best for the protection of the rights of the parties thereto. All contracts must be approved by the President and duly promulgated by him. Whenever a club releases a player, immediate notice must be given the President of the League, who shall, at once, notify all clubs of such release and for a period of ten days after such notice by the President, any other club of the League shall have the right to claim the player released and negotiate for his services, and the player shall be ineligible to contract with a club of another League. Provided, however, that when a club desires to release a player out of the League, such club shall notify the President of the National League, who shall immediately notify all other National League clubs of such desire. Failure of a club to notify the President of its waiver

within ten days will operate as a legal waiver. If, however, a club of this League refuses, in writing, to waive claim, then the following rule shall apply: If the player sought to be released out of the League is a purchased player, or otherwise acquired save by draft, the President of the League shall fix the price to be paid by the club refusing to waive claim, with this proviso; that the amount so fixed shall not exceed \$1,000. If the player be a drafted player, then the drafting price shall be paid. In cases where two or more clubs refuse to waive claim, the claims of the clubs shall be determined by lot by the President of the League. In all cases, however, the club asking for the waiver shall have the privilege of retaining the player sought to be disposed of, if it so desires. The following limitations shall apply to all waivers: (1) If waiver is secured between playing seasons it shall expire at the expiration of ten days from the beginning of the succeeding championship season. (2) If secured during the championship season, it shall expire at the expiration of thirty days from date when waiver is requested from League Headquarters.

Suspension and Expulsion of Players.

SEC. 34. Any player, while under contract with, or reservation by, a League club, who shall without the consent of such club, enter the service of any other club in any capacity, shall be liable to expulsion by said League club. Whenever a club suspends or expels a manager or player, that club shall at once notify the Secretary of this League, stating the date when the same takes effect, and in case of suspension or expulsion, the cause thereof.

SEC. 35. No manager or player, who has been suspended or expelled from a League club, shall at any time thereafter be allowed to play with, or serve in any capacity, any League club (either the one expelling him or any other) unless the term of suspension by the club has expired, or upon his appeal to this League, such expulsion or

suspension shall have been set aside.

Effect of Club Disbandment.

SEC. 36. The disbandment of a League Club, or its withdrawal from or loss of League membership, shall operate as a release of its players from contract and reservation with said club, but the right to contract with and reserve said players shall revert to the League, and they shall be subject to transfer to such other club as the League may designate after acceptance of their said services.

Playing with Outside Clubs.

SEC. 37. No game of base ball shall be played between a League club and any other club that has been expelled from membership in this League. No game of ball shall be played between a League club and any other club employing or presenting in its nine a player expelled, or under suspension from the League, or otherwise rendered ineligible by this League or a club member thereof.

Crookedness and its Penalties.

SEC. 38. Any person who shall be proven guilty of offering, agreeing, conspiring or attempting to cause any game of ball to result otherwise than on its merits under the Playing Rules, shall be forever disqualified by the President of the League from acting as umpire, manager, player or, in any other capacity in any game of ball participated in by a League club.

Umpires.

SEC. 39. A staff of League umpires shall be selected by the President before the opening of the regular season.

1. Applicant for the position of umpire must state age, residence, experience, habits and such other qualifications as may be prescribed on forms prepared by the President, which must have the endorsement of those who from skilled and personal knowledge can recommend the applicant for the position.

Independent of such endorsements, however, the President shall make inquiries and inform himself, as far as practicable, as to the merits and qualifications of each ap-

plicant.

2. They shall be paid such salaries and allowed such expenses as may be mutually agreed upon by contract between them and the President of the League, subject to the approval of the Board of Directors of the League.

But at least ten per cent. of current salaries shall be withheld by the President until the termination of his contract for that season to secure such deductions for absences and the payment of such fines as may be lawfully imposed.

3. In the event of the failure of an umpire to umpire a game assigned to him it shall be the duty of the President to provide a substitute to umpire such game; and in such case there shall be deducted from the next payment to the umpire the sum of twelve dollars for each game as-

signed to him, which for any reason he shall have failed

to umpire.

4. It shall be the duty of each League club to accept as umpire for any championship game such umpire or substitute as the President shall assign to such game. In the event of the non-appearance of the League umpire or substitute at the hour appointed for the beginning of the game each club captain shall then select one of the substitute players of the opposing club, and the two players thus selected shall be the duly authorized umpires for that game.

5. It shall be the duty of umpires to enforce the rules as they are written, regardless of personal opinion as to their merits, subject to the President's instructions as to their proper interpretation. They shall familiarize themselves with these sections of the Constitution, obey all orders of the President, assigning their services and wear such

uniform on the playing field as he may designate.

Supervision of Umpires.

SEC. 40. All complaints against umpires shall be submitted in writing or by telegraph to the President, who shall take such steps as he may deem proper (governed by the gravity of the charges) to ascertain as to the competency of the umpire complained of and to verify, if possible, by his own personal observation as to his merits or demerits. If the complaint be for a wilful violation of this Constitution, or of the Playing Rules or for neglect or refusal to enforce any of said rules or for any improper or ungentlemanly language or conduct while officiating as an umpire, and if upon investigation it be substantiated, the President shall have the right to fine, remove, suspend or expel the offender, as in his judgment the offense may justify.

Committees.

SEC. 41. At each annual meeting of the League the President shall appoint a committee of three on Playing Rules, a committee of three on Schedule and a committee of three on Constitutional Amendments.

The Championship.

SEC. 42. The Championship of the United States, established by this League, shall be contended for yearly by the clubs composing the League.

SEC. 43. The championship season shall extend from

such date in April or May to such date in September or October as the League may determine at its stated or

special meeting.

SEC. 44. Every game played between two clubs from the commencement of the championship season to the completion of the championship series between such clubs shall be a game for the championship, and no League club shall lend or exchange players to or with each other for any game played during the championship season. Any violation of this section shall subject each offender to a

fine of \$100.

SEC. 45. Each club shall play twelve or more championship games with every other club; but a tie or draw game or a game prevented by rain or other causes shall be played off on the same ground on the next or a succeeding date of the same or subsequent series, whether open or scheduled for another game between the same clubs, thus compelling double games for said schedule date. If, however, both series shall have terminated, such postponed game must be played off on the ground of the other club on a date open or scheduled during a subsequent series

between the same clubs.

SEC. 46. Each club shall have half of the championship series of games with every other club played on its grounds, except as otherwise provided in Section 45; and in all the details of such games, that do not involve the rights of the visiting club under the Playing Rules, but relate solely to such games as attractive exhibitions to the patrons of the home club, the visiting club shall defer to the wishes of the home club; provided, nevertheless, that the home club shall not be permitted to change the usual hour for the commencement of scheduled games in its particular city more than thirty (30) minutes without first having obtained the consent of the visiting club thereto. under a penalty to the visiting club of \$500. The visiting club shall furnish to a person designated by the home club the batting order of its nine by 10 o'clock on the morning of the day of each game, or the evening previous, if requested. In case of the failure of any visiting club to furnish the batting order of its nine as herein stipulated, it shall forfeit the sum of \$10, which amount shall be immediately transmitted to the Secretary of the League, upon the receipt of notice from him of the infliction of such fine, which notice shall be given by the Secretary upon receipt of complaint from the home club.

It shall be the duty of the home club to furnish the

manager and captain of the visiting club with a list of the batting order before the commencement of the game under similar penalties for default as herein prescribed. The visiting club shall have the right to practice its nine on the grounds of the home club between 11 and 12 o'clock A. M. on each day of its visit during the championship season.

The Championship Schedule.

SEC. 47. All championship games shall be arranged in a written schedule prepared by the Schedule Committee, and reported to and adopted by the League by a three-fourths vote before the beginning of the championship season. The schedule shall provide for an equal number of return games, and shall specify the date of each game and the date of each series of games. No date in said schedule shall subsequently be changed, except (1) by written agreement of two clubs from a date fixed by the schedule for a game between such clubs to an open date on the same ground; or (2) as provided in Section 45; or (3) by the written consent of three-fourths of all the League clubs.

Any club or clubs violating this section shall be amenable to a penalty of \$1,000. Said penalty to be paid within forty-eight hours to the Treasurer of the League, or if not so paid to be withheld from any funds to their credit in the hands of the Treasurer. All games played in violation of this section shall not count in the championship series.

The Admission Fees and Receipts.

SEC. 48. The general admission fee to all championship games shall be fifty (50) cents, but each club shall designate a part of its grounds, and provide seats thereon, the admission fee to which shall be twenty-five (25) cents, and all division of percentages shall be made on the basis of fifty (50) cents, except as to that part of the grounds the admission fee to which is fixed at twenty-five (25) cents, and as to such part of said grounds all divisions of percentage shall be on the basis of twenty-five (25) cents.

At the conclusion of each championship game the home club shall deliver to the manager of the visiting club (and shall transmit by mail to the President or other designated officials of the visiting club a duplicate of the same) a statement of the receipts of said game, which must include all fifty-cent and twenty-five cent admissions, and shall pay to the visiting club fifty per centum of said receipts.

The Ball Park.

SEC. 49. Each park shall be provided with a sufficient number of exits and entrances (not exceeding four) for the accommodation of the public, and a separate entrance shall be maintained for the convenience of the press representatives and those entitled to the courtesies of the grounds.

1. Additional entrances may be opened upon holidays, but for such days the visiting club shall be given at least ten days' notice of the whole number and their location.

2. Emergency gates may be opened at any time by con-

sent of the visiting club, if occasion requires.

3. Each park shall also be provided with proper and suitable dressing room or rooms for visiting players, the same to be supplied with toilet conveniences, hot and cold water, and shower baths, and to contain twenty suitable lockers for such players. Such dressing rooms to be properly heated and cared for, and made subject to the control during the occupancy thereof of the players of the visiting club. The penalty for failure to provide and maintain such dressing rooms shall be twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for each day of failure to provide the same according to this rule, the same to be assessed and collected by the Secretary of the League upon complaint of the visiting club.

The Turnstile Count.

SEC. 50. The number of persons admitted to the grounds shall be determined by the use of the necessary number of self-registering turnstiles, the arms of which shall extend within four inches of a dividing partion, the keys of which shall be delivered to the agent of the visiting club before the opening of the grounds for each game: and said agent of the visiting club shall have full access to such turnstile, and the box of such turnstile shall not be removed until after the close of the seventh inning, and in case a carriage gate is used a ticket for each person admitted through such gate shall at once be delivered to the agent of the visiting club. The visiting club shall have the right to accept the turnstile count for each and all games, or to count all tickets. Each club shall be required to use for its business substantial pasteboard tickets, which can be readily counted.

Special Entrance.

SEC. 51. No person shall be admitted free to a championship game, except players and officers of contesting clubs, umpires, policemen in uniform, necessary employes of the home club, representatives of the press and such invited guests as the President of the home club may deem proper to recognize, all of whom must pass through a self-registering turnstile at the special entrance provided for the press, and said turnstile shall be subject to the same right of inspection by the visiting club that is provided in all other entrances.

I. It shall be the duty of the President of the League to inspect all ball parks from time to time, and to report to the Board of Directors any failure to comply with this

or any other section of the Constitution,

Stopping Play to Catch Trains.

SEC. 52. On any day when either club is required to leave a city to, or in order to reach another city in time, where it is scheduled to play its next game, the home club shall be compelled, upon proper notice by the visiting club, to begin the game three hours and a half before the time of the departure of the last train by means of which either club can reach next scheduled point in time. And either club may leave the field at any time within one hour of said train time without forfeiting any rights or privileges, provided five innings on each side have been played, and the umpire shall be the sole judge of the time.

Giving out Admission Checks.

SEC. 53. In the event of a game being stopped by rain or declared forfeited before completion of five innings, the home club may issue admission checks good for the next succeeding game. If such checks are so issued, the visiting club shall not be entitled to its percentage of receipts; but if such checks are not issued the visiting club shall be entitled to its percentage of receipts, precisely as if the game had been fully played.

Forfeited Games.

SEC. 54. A club shall be entitled to forfeited games to count in its series as games won by a score of nine runs to none—in case where the umpire in any champion-

ship game shall award the game to such club on account of the violation by the contesting club of any section of this Constitution or of any playing rules. In the event of a forfeiture for any reason, the forfeiting club shall incur such penalty not exceeding one thousand dollars as may be imposed by the Board of Directors after a hearing held within one week from the date of such game, and any damages suffered by the non-offending club shall be paid out of such penalty. In addition to the penalty above referred to, the captain or manager, or the person in charge of the offending team and responsible for the team leaving the field, shall incur a penalty of one hundred dollars, which shall be paid within five days to the Secretary of the League, said penalty not to be remitted under any circumstances. In case such penalties are not paid within ten days after being imposed, the club and player cannot participate in a championship game.

Drawn Games.

SEC. 55. Drawn, tie and postponed games shall not count in the series as games (but any game of not less than five innings shall be included in the averages), but must be played off, if possible, as provided in Section 45. If they cannot be played off, as therein provided, they may subsequently be played off, if sufficient time exists before the close of the season.

Double games for one admission shall not be permitted unless previously scheduled as such or rendered compulsory by the playing off of postponed games, as provided in

Section 45.

Winning the Pennant.

SEC. 56. The club which shall have won the greatest percentage of games in the championship series, shall be declared the champion club of the United States, for the season in which such games were played. In the event that two or more clubs shall have won the same percentage of games, then the Board shall at once arrange a special series of three games between any two of such clubs, such games to be played at the close of the championship season, and the games so played shall be included in the championship record, and counted in determining the award of the championship. In such case only the provisions of this Constitution prohibiting the playing or re-

cording as championship games, games played after the expiration of the championship season, shall have no effect. The emblem of the championship shall be a pennant (of the National colors) to cost not less than one hundred dollars (\$100). It shall be inscribed with the motto, "Champion Base Ball Club of the United States," with the name of the club and the year in which the title was won, and the champion club shall be entitled to fly the pennant until the close of the ensuing year.

Deciding the Championship.

SEC. 57. The championship shall be decided in the following manner: Within twenty-four hours after every match game played for the championship, the home club shall prepare and forward to the Secretary of the League a statement containing the full score of the game, according to the system specified in the Playing Rules, together with the date, the place where played, the name of the clubs and umpire, provided that no tie or drawn game shall be considered a game for any purpose except the averages; and provided, further, that in any case where the Secretary shall not receive the score of a championship game within five days after the playing of such game, the club whose duty it is to forward such score shall pay to the League the sum of \$2 as the penalty of such default.

At the close of the season the Secretary shall prepare a tabular statement of the games won and lost by each club, according to the statement so sent him, which statement shall be the sole evidence in the matter, and submit the same, with the statement so sent him, to the Board, which shall make the award in writing, and report the same to

the League at its annual meeting.

In making the award the Board shall consider:

I. The tabular statement of the Secretary.

2. Forfeited games.

3. Games participated in by clubs which have withdrawn, disbanded or forfeited their membership without completing their championship series with all other League clubs, such games shall be counted to the following extent:

The Board shall ascertain the least number of championship games played by such club with any club remaining in the League, and shall from the first game participated in during the championship series by such retired club, count in the series of each League club a similar number of games, and all other games participated in by such retired club shall not be counted in the championship series. Provided, that if such retired club shall have failed to play at least one championship game with every League club, all games participated in by it shall be thrown out entirely.

Meetings.

SEC. 58. The annual meeting of the League shall be held on the second Tuesday in December of each year, at 2 o'clock P. M., and at such places as shall have been determined by a vote at the previous annual meeting.

SEC. 59. Special meetings may be called by the President of this League on his own option or on the written

call of six clubs.

Club Representation.

SEC. 60. At such meeting each club shall be represented and shall be entitled to two representatives, and to have in addition thereto any of its officers or ex-officers present at such meetings; but no club shall be permitted to send as a representative any person under contract or engagement as a ball player or manager, and belonging to the nine of said club in such capacity. They shall, if requested by any other club representative, present a certificate of their appointment duly attested by at least two officers of their club showing their authority to act, but no club shall have more than one vote.

Executive Session.

SEC. 61. This League may, upon a majority vote of its members, elect to go into executive session for the transaction of its business, and during such session no club shall be entitled to more than two representatives.

Quorum.

SEC. 62. A representation of a majority of clubs shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, but a less number may adjourn from time to time until a quorum is obtained. When obtained it may be maintained by locking the doors of the meeting room, the appointment of doorkeepers and such other procedures usual in parliamentary bodies to maintain quorums and dispatch business.

Order of Business.

SEC. 63. The following shall be the order of business unless suspended by a three-fourths vote of the club mem-

I. Reading minutes of last meeting.

Report of Board of Directors. 2.

Report of Committees. 3.

Election of new members. 1. Amendment of Constitution. Adoption of Playing Rules.

Election of officers.

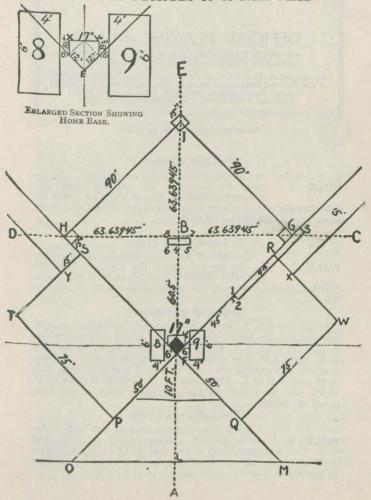
Miscellaneous business. Adjournment.

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Amendments.

SEC. 64. (1) The Constitution of this League may be altered or amended by a three-fourths vote of the League at any annual meeting, or by a unanimous vote at any other time. Provided, however, that this section and Sections 3, 8, 9, 38, 48 shall not be altered or amended except by a unanimous vote of this League. (2) Any section of this Constitution may be suspended or its provision made non-applicable by unanimous vote at a League meeting.

CORRECT DIAGRAM OF A BALL FIELD



OFFICIAL PLAYING RULES OF PROFESSIONAL BASE BALL CLUBS

As adopted at the meeting of the Joint Playing Rules Committee of the National League and the American League, held at National League Headquarters, New York City, March 2, 1904.

Amended February 14, 1906, and February 25, 1907.

Amendments indicated by italics,

The Ball Ground.

RULE 1. The ball ground must be enclosed. To obviate the necessity for ground rules, the shortest distance from a fence or stand on fair territory to the home base should be 235 feet and from home base to the grand stand 90 feet.

To Lay Off the Field.

RULE 2. To lay off the lines defining the location of the several bases, the catcher's and the pitcher's position and to establish the boundaries required in playing the game of base ball, proceed as follows:

Diamond or Infield.

From a point, A, within the grounds, project a straight line out into the field, and at a point, B, 154 feet from point A, lay off lines B C and B D at right angles to the line A B; then, with B as a center and 63.63945 feet as a radius, describe arcs cutting the lines B A at F and B C at G, B D at H and B E at I. Draw lines F G, G E, E H, and H F, which said lines shall be the containing lines of the Diamond or Infield.

The Catcher's Lines.

With F as a center and 10 feet radius, describe an arc cutting line F A at L, and draw lines L M and L O at right angles to F A, and continue same out from F A not less than 10 feet.

The Foul Lines.

From the intersection point, F, continue the straight lines F G and F H until they intersect the lines L M and L O, and then from the points G and H in the opposite direction until they reach the boundary lines of the ground, and said lines shall be clearly visible from any part of the diamond, and no wood or other hard substance shall be used in the construction of such lines.

The Players' Lines.

With F as center and 50 feet radius, describe arcs cutting lines F O and F M at P and Q; then, with F as center again and 75 feet radius, describe arcs cutting F G and F H at R and S; then, from the points P, Q, R and S draw lines at right angles to the lines F O, F M, F G and F H, and continue the same until they intersect at the points T and W.

The Coachers' Lines.

With R and S as centers and 15 feet radius, describe arcs cutting the lines R W and S T at X and Y and from the points X and Y draw lines parallel with the lines F H and F G, and continue same out to the boundary lines of the ground.

The Three-Foot Line.

With F as a center and 45 feet radius, describe an arc cutting the line F G at 1, and from 1 to the distance of three feet draw a line at right angles to F G, and marked point 2; then from point 2, draw a line parallel with the line F G to a point three feet beyond the point G, marked 3; then from the point 3 draw a line at right angles to line 2, 3, back to and intersecting with F G, and from thence back along the line G F to point 1.

The Batsman's Lines.

On either side of the line A F B describe two parallelograms six feet long and four feet wide (marked 8 and 9), their longest side being parallel with the line A F B, their distance apart being six inches added to each end of the length of the diagonal of the square within the angle F, and the center of their length being on said diagonal.

The Pitcher's Plate.

RULE 9. Section 1. With point F as center and 60.5 feet as radius, describe an arc cutting the line F B at line 4, and draw a line 5, 6, passing through point 4 and extending 12 inches on either side of line F B; then with line 5, 6, as a side, describe a parallelogram 24 inches by 6 inches, in which shall be located the pitcher's plate.

SEC. 2. The pitcher's plate shall not be more than 15 inches higher than the base lines or the home plate, which shall be level with the surface of the field, and the slope from the pitcher's plate to every base line and the home

plate shall be gradual.

The Bases.

RULE 10. Section I. Within the angle F, describe a five-sided figure, two of the sides of which shall coincide with the lines F G and F H to the extent of 12 inches each, thence parallel with the line F B 8½ inches to the points X and Y, a straight line between which, 17 inches, will form the front of the home base or plate.

SEC. 2. Within the angles at G, I and H describe squares, whose sides are 15 inches in length, two of such sides of which squares shall lie along the lines F G and G I, G I and I H, I H and H F, which squares shall be the location of the first, second and third bases respectively.

The Home Base at F and the Pitcher's Plate at 4 must each be of whitened rubber, and so fixed in the ground as to be even with its surface.

The First Base at G, the Second Base at E, and the Third Base at H must each be a white canvas bag filled with soft material and securely fastened in place at the points specified in Rule 10.

RULE 13. The lines described in Rules 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 must be marked with lime, chalk or other white material, easily distinguishable from the ground or grass.

The Ball.

Section I. The ball must weigh not less than five nor more than five and one-quarter ounces avoirdupois, and measure not less than nine nor more than nine and one-quarter inches in circumference. The Spalding National League Ball or the Reach American League Ball must be used in all

games played under these rules.

Sec. 2. Two regulation balls of the make adopted by the league of which the contesting clubs are members, shall be delivered by the home club to the umpire at or before the hour for the commencement of a championship game. If the ball placed in play be batted or thrown out of the grounds or into one of the stands for spectators or in the judgment of the umpire, become unfit for play from any cause, the umpire shall at once deliver the alternate ball to the pitcher and another legal ball shall be supplied to him, so that he shall at all times have in his control one or more alternate balls. Provided, however, that all balls patted or thrown out of the ground or into a stand shall when returned to the field be given into the custody of the umpire immediately and become alternate balls and so long as he has in his possession two or more alternate balls, he shall not call for a new ball to replace me that has gone out of play. The alternate balls shall become the ball in play in the order in which they were delivered to the umpire.

Sec. 3. Immediately upon the delivery to him of the alternate ball by the umpire, the pitcher shall take his position and on the call of "Play," by the umpire, it shall become the ball in play. Provided, however, that play shall not be resumed with the alternate ball when a fair batted ball or a ball thrown by a fielder goes out of the ground or into a stand for spectators until the base-runners have completed the circuit of the bases unless compelled to stop at second or third base in compliance with a ground

rule.

The Spalding League Ball has been adopted by the National League for the past thirty years and is used in all the League contests. It has also been adopted by the majority of other professional leagues and by practically all the colleges.

For junior clubs (clubs composed of boys under 16 years of age) we recommend them to use the Spalding Boys' League Ball, and that games played by junior clubs with this ball will count as legal games the same

as if played with the Official League Ball,

Discolored or Damaged Balls.

Sec. 4. In the event of a ball being intentionally discolored by rubbing it with the soil or otherwise by any player except the pitcher, or otherwise damaged by any player, the umpire shall, upon appeal by the captain of the opposite side, forthwith demand the return of that ball and substitute for it another legal ball, as hereinbefore described, and impose a fine of \$5.00 on the offending player.

Home Club to Provide Balls.

SEC. 5. In every game the balls played with shall be furnished by the home club, and the last in play shall become the property of the winning club. Each ball shall be enclosed in a paper box, which must be sealed with the seal of the Secretary of the League and bear his certificate that he has examined, measured and weighed the ball contained therein and that it is of the required standard in all respects. The seal shall not be broken by the umpire except in the presence of the captains of the contesting teams after "Play" has been called.

Reserve Balls on Field.

Sec. 6. The home club shall have at least a dozen regulation balls on the field during each championship game, ready for use on the call of the umpire.

The Bat.

The bat must be round, not over two and three-fourth inches in diameter at the thickest part, nor more than 42 inches in length and entirely of hardwood, except that for a distance of 18 inches from the end, twine may be wound around or a granulated substance applied to the handle.

Number of Players in a Game.

RULE 16. The players of each club, actively engaged in a game at one time, shall be nine in number, one of whom shall act as captallowed to play on a side in a game.

Positions of the Players.

The players may be stationed at any points of the field their captain may elect, regard-less of their respective positions, except that the pitcher, while in the act of delivering the ball to

the bat, must take his position as defined in Rules 9 and 30; and the catcher must be within the lines of his position as defined in Rule 3 and within 10 feet of home base, whenever the pitcher delivers the ball to the bat.

Must Not Mingle With Spectators.

Players in uniform shall not be permitted to occupy seats in the stands, or to mingle with the spectators.

Uniforms of Players.

Every club shall adopt two uniforms for its players, one to be worn in games at home and the other in games abroad, and the suits of each of the uniforms of a team shall conform in color and style. No player who shall attach anything to the sole or heel of his shoe other than the ordinary base ball shoe plate, or who shall appear in a uniform not conforming to the suits of the other members of his team, shall be permitted to take part in a game.

Size and Weight of Gloves.

RULE 20. The catcher or first baseman may wear a glove or mitt of any size, shape or weight. Every other player is restricted to the use of a glove or mitt weighing not over 10 ounces and measuring not over 14 inches around the palm.

Players' Benches.

Section 1. Players' benches must be furnished by the home club and placed upon RULE 21. a portion of the ground not less than twenty-five (25) feet outside of the players' lines. One such bench shall be for the exclusive use of the visiting team and the other for the exclusive use of the home team. Each bench must be covered with a roof and closed at the back and each end; a space, however, not more than six (6) inches wide may be left under the roof for ventilation. All players and substitutes of the side at bat must be seated on their team's bench, except the batsman, baserunners and such as are legally assigned to coach baserunners. Under no circumstances shall the umpire permit any person except the players and substitutes in uniform and the manager of the team entitled to its exclusive use to be seated on a bench.

Penalty for Violation.

SEC. 2. Whenever the umpire observes a violation of the preceding section, he shall immediately order such player or players as have disregarded it to be seated. If the order be not obeyed within one minute the offending player or players shall be fined \$5.00 each by the umpire. If the order be not then obeyed within one minute, the offending player or players shall be debarred from further participation in the game, and shall be obliged to forthwith leave the playing field.

A Regulation Game.

RULE 22. Every championship game must be commenced not later than two hours before sunset and shall continue until each team shall terminate:

Section 1. If the side first at bat scores less runs in nine innings than the other side has scored in eight innings.

Sec. 2. If the side last at bat in the ninth inning scores

the winning run before the third man is out.

Sec. 3. If the game be called by the umpire on account of darkness, rain, tire, panic, or for other cause which puts patrons or players in peril.

Extra-Inning Games.

RULE 23. If the score be a tie at the end of nine (9) innings for each team, play shall be continued until one side has scored more vided, that if the side last at bat score the winning run before the third man is out in any inning after the ninth, the game shall terminate.

Drawn Games.

RULE 24. A drawn game shall be declared by the umpire if the score is equal on the last even inning played when he terminates more equal innings have been played by each team. But if the side that went second to bat is at the bat when the game is terminated, and has scored the same number of runs as the other side, the umpire shall declare the game drawn without regard to the score of the last equal inning.

Called Games.

If the umpire calls a game in accordance with Rule 22, Section 3, at any time after five RULE 25. innings have been completed, the score shall be that of the last equal innings played, except that if the side second at bat shall have scored in an unequal number of innings, or before the completion of the unfinished inning, at least one run more than the side first at bat, the score of the game shall be the total number of runs each team has made.

Forfeited Games.

A forfeited game shall be declared by the umpire in favor of the club not in fault, in RULE 26. the following cases:

Section 1. If the team of a club fail to appear upon the field, or being upon the field, refuse to begin a game for which it is scheduled or assigned, within five minutes after the umpire has called "Play" at the hour for the beginning. of the game, unless such delay in appearing, or in commencing the game, be unavoidable.

SEC. 2. If, after the game has begun, one side refuse to continue to play, unless the game has been suspended or

terminated by the umpire.

SEC. 3. If, after play has been suspended by the umpire, one side fails to resume playing in one minute after the umpire has called "Play."

Sec. 4. If a team employ tactics palpably designed to

delay the game.

Sec. 5. If, after warning by the umpire, any one of the rules of the game be wilfully and persistently violated.

Sec. 6. If the order for the removal of a player, as authorized by Rules 21, 58 and 64, be not obeyed within one minute.

SEC. 7. If, because of the removal of players from the game by the umpire, or for any cause, there be less than

nine players on either team.

Sec. 8. If, when two games are scheduled to be played in one afternoon, the second game be not commenced within ten minutes of the time of the completion of the first game. The umpire of the first game shall be the timekeeper.

SEC. 9. In case the umpire declare the game forfeited, he shall transmit a written report thereof to the president of the League within twenty-four hours thereafter. However, a failure on the part of the umpire to so notify the president shall not affect the validity of his award of the game by forfeiture.

No Game.

"No game" shall be declared by the umpire if he terminates play in accordance with Rule 22, Sec. 3, before five innings are completed by each team. Provided, however, that if the club second at bat shall have made more runs at the end of its fourth inning than the club first at bat has made in five completed innings of a game so terminated, the umpire shall award the game to the club having made the greater number of runs, and it shall count as a legal game in the championship record.

Substitutes.

RULE 28. Section 1. Each side shall be required to have present on the field during a championship game a sufficient number of substitute players in uniform, conforming to the suits worn by their team-mates, to carry out the provisions of this code which requires that not less than nine players shall occupy the field in any inning of the game.

SEC. 2. Any such substitute may at any stage of the game take the place of a player whose name is in his team's batting order, but the player whom he succeeds that not the player whom he succeeds

shall not thereafter participate in that game.

Sec. 3. A base-runner shall not have another player whose name appears in the batting order of his team run for him except by the consent of the captain of the other team.

Choice of Innings-Fitness of Field for Play.

RULE 29. The choice of innings shall be given to the captain of the home club, who shall be the sole judge of the fitness of the ground for beginning a game after a rain; but, after play has been called by the umpire, he alone shall be the judge as to the fitness of the ground for resuming play after the game has been suspended on account of rain, and when time is so called the ground-keeper and sufficient assistants shall be under the control of the umpire for the purpose of putting the ground in proper shape for play, under penalty of forfeiture of the game by the home team.

THE PITCHING RULES. Delivery of the Ball to the Bat.

Preliminary to pitching, the pitcher shall take his position facing the batsman with both feet squarely on the ground and in front of the pitcher's plate; and in the act of delivering the bail to the bat he must keep one foot in contact with the pitcher's plate defined in Rule 9. He shall not raise either foot until in the act of delivering the ball to the bat, nor make more than one step in such delivery.

A Fairly Delivered Ball.

A fairly delivered ball is a ball pitched or thrown to the bat by the pitcher while standing in his position and facing the bats man that passes over any portion of the home base, before touching the ground, not lower than the batsman's knee, nor higher than his shoulder. For every such fairly delivered ball the umpire shall call one strike.

An Unfairly Delivered Ball.

An unfairly delivered ball is a ball delivered to the bat by the pitcher while standing in his position and facing the batsman that does not pass over any portion of the home base between the batsman's shoulder and knees, or that touches the ground before passing home base, unless struck at by the batsman. For every unfairly delivered ball the umpire shall call one ball.

Delaying the Game.

SECTION I. If, after the batsman be standing in his proper position ready to strike at a pitched ball, the ball be thrown by the pitcher to any player other than the catcher when in the catcher's lines and within 10 feet of the home base (except in an attempt to retire a base runner), each ball so thrown shall be called a ball.

SEC. 2. The umpire shall call a ball on the pitcher each time he delays the game by failing to deliver the ball to the batsman for a longer period than 20 seconds, excepting that at the commencement of each inning, or when a pitcher relieves another, the pitcher may occupy one minute in delivering not to exceed five balls to the catcher or an infielder, during which time play shall be suspended.

Balking.

A balk shall be:

RULE 34. Section I. Any motion made by the pitcher while in position to deliver the ball to the bat without delivering it, or to throw to first base when occupied by a base runner without completing the throw.

SEC. 2. Throwing the ball by the pitcher to any base to catch the base runner without stepping directly toward such base in the act of making such throw.

Sec. 3. Any delivery of the ball to the bat by the pitcher

while either foot is back of the pitcher's plate.

Sec. 4. Any delivery of the ball to the bat by the pitcher while he is not facing the batsman.

Sec. 5. Any motion in delivering the ball to the bat by the pitcher while not in the position defined by Rule 30.

Sec. 6. Holding of the ball by the pitcher so long as, in the opinion of the umpire, to unnecessarily delay the game.

Sec. 7. Making any motion to pitch while standing in his position without having the ball in his possession.

SEC. 8. Making any motion of the arm, shoulder, hip or body the pitcher habitually makes in his method of delivery, without immediately delivering the ball to the bat.

SEC. 9. Delivery of the ball to the bat when the catcher is standing outside the lines of the catcher's position as defined in Rule 3.

If the pitcher shall fail to comply with the requirements of any section of this rule, the umpire shall call a "balk."

Dead Ball.

A dead ball is a ball delivered to the bat by the pitcher, not struck at by the batsman, that touches any part of the batsman's person or clothing while he is standing in his position, or that before passing or getting beyond the control of the catcher touches any part of the clothing or person of the umpire while he is on foul ground.

Ball Not in Play.

RULE 36. In case of a foul strike, foul hit ball not legally caught, dead ball, or a fair hit ball touching a base runner, the ball shall not be considered in play until it be held by the pitcher standing in his position, and the umpire shall have called "Play."

Block Balls.

Section 1. A block is a batted or thrown ball that is touched, stopped or handled by RULE 37. a person not engaged in the game.

SEC. 2. Whenever a block occurs the umpire shall declare it, and base runners may run the bases without liability to be put out until the ball has been returned to and

held by the pitcher in his position.

Sec. 3. If the person not engaged in the game should retain possession of a blocked ball, or throw or kick it beyond the reach of the fielders, the umpire shall call "Time" and require each base runner to stop at the base last touched by him until the ball be returned to the pitcher in his position and the umpire shall have called "Play."

THE BATTING RULES. The Batsman's Position.

Each player of the side at bat shall become the batsman and must take his posi-RULE 38. tion within the batsman's lines (as defined in Rule 8) in the order that his name appears in his team's batting list.

The Order of Batting.

The batting order of each team must be delivered before the game by its captain to RULE 39. the umpire who shall submit it to the inspection of the captain of the other side. The batting order delivered to the umpire must be followed throughout the game unless a player be substituted for another, in which case the substitute must take the place in the batting order of the retired player.

The First Batsman in an Inning.

After the first inning the first striker in each inning shall be the batsman whose RULE 40. name follows that of the last man who completed his "time at bat" in the preceding inning.

Players Belong on Bench.

When a side goes to the bat its players RULE 41. must immediately seat themselves on the bench assigned to them as defined in Rule 21, and remain there until their side is put out, except when called to the bat or to act as coachers or substitute base runners.

Reserved for Umpire, Catcher and Batsman.

No player of the side "at bat," except the batsman, shall occupy any portion of the space within the catcher's lines as defined in Rule 3. The triangular space back of the home base is reserved for the exclusive use of the umpire, catcher and batsman, and the umpire must prohibit any player of the side "at bat" from crossing the same at any time while the ball is in the hands of the pitcher or catcher, or passing between them while standing in their positions.

Fielder Has Right of Way.

RULE 43. The players of the side at bat must speedily abandon their bench and hasten to another part of the field when by remaining upon or near it they or any of them would interfere with a fielder in an attempt to catch or handle a thrown or a batted ball.

THE BATTING RULES.

A Fair Hit.

RULE 44. A fair hit is a legally batted ball that settles on fair ground between home and first base or between home and third base or that is on fair ground when bounding to the outfield past first or third base or that first falls on fair territory beyond first or third base or that touches the person of the umpire or a player while on fair ground.

A Foul Hit.

RULE 45. A foul hit is a legally batted ball that settles on foul territory between home and first base or home and third base, or that bounds past first or third base on foul territory or that falls on foul territory beyond first or third base or touches the person of the umpire or a player while on foul ground.

A Foul Tip.

RULE 46. A foul tip is a ball batted by the batsman while standing within the lines of his position, that goes sharp and direct from the bat to the catcher's hands and is legally caught.

A Bunt Hit.

A bunt hit is a legally batted ball, not swung at, but met with the bat and tapped RULE 47. slowly within the infield by the batsman. If the attempt to bunt result in a foul not legally caught, a strike shall be called by the umpire.

Balls Batted Outside the Ground.

Section 1. When a batted ball passes outside the ground or into a stand the um-RULE 48. pire shall decide it fair or foul according to

where it disappears from the umpire's view.

Sec. 2. A fair batted ball that goes over the fence or into a stand shall entitle the batsman to a home run unless it should pass out of the ground or into a stand at a less distance than two hundred and thirty-five (235) feet from the home base, in which case the batsman shall be entitled to two bases only. The point at which a fence or stand is less than 235 feet from the home base shall be plainly indicated by a white or black sign or mark for the umpire's guidance.

Strikes.

A strike is: Section I. A pitched ball struck at by RULE 49. the batsman without its touching his bat; or, SEC. 2. A fair ball legally delivered by the pitcher at

which the batsman does not strike. Sec. 3. A foul hit ball not caught on the fly unless the

batsman has two strikes.

Sec. 4. An attempt to bunt which results in a foul not legally caught.

Sec. 5. A pitched ball, at which the batsman strikes but misses and which touches any part of his person.

SEC. 6. A foul tip, held by the catcher, while standing within the lines of his position.

Foul Strike.

A "Foul Strike" is a ball batted by the RULE 50. batsman when either or both of his feet is upon the ground outside the lines of the batsman's position.

When Batsman is Out.

The batsman is out:

RULE 51. Section 1. If he fail to take his position at the bat in the order in which his name appears on the batting list unless the error be discovered and the proper batsman replace him before a time "at bat" is recorded, in which case, the balls and strikes called must be counted in the time "at bat" of the proper batsman. But only the proper batsman shall be declared out, and no runs shall be scored or bases run because of any act of the improper batsman. Provided, this rule shall not be enforced unless the out be declared before the ball be delivered to the succeeding batsman. Should the batsman declared out under this section be the third hand out and his side be thereby put out, the proper batsman in the next inning shall be the player who would have come to bat had the players been put out by ordinary play in the preceding inning.

SEC. 2. If he fail to take his position within one minute

after the umpire has called for the batsman.

Sec. 3. If he make a foul hit other than a foul tip, as defined in Rule 46, and the ball be momentarily held by a fielder before touching the ground; provided, it be not caught in a fielder's cap, protector, pocket or other part of his uniform, or strike some object other than a fielder before being caught.

SEC. 4. If he make a foul strike, as defined in Rule 50. SEC. 5. If he attempt to hinder the catcher from fielding or throwing the ball by stepping outside the lines of the batsman's position, or in any way obstructing or interfering with that player.

Sec. 6. If, while first base be occupied by a base runner, three strikes be called on him by the umpire, unless two

men are already out.

Sec. 7. If, while attempting a third strike, the ball touch any part of the batsman's person, in which case base runners occupying bases shall not advance as prescribed in

Rule 55, Section 5.

Sec. 8. If, before two hands are out, while first and second or first, second and third bases are occupied, he hit a fly ball, other than a line drive, that can be handled by an infielder. In such case the umpire shall, as soon as the ball be hit, declare it an infield or outfield hit.

SEC. 9. If the third strike be called in accordance with

Sections 4 or 5 of Rule 40.

Sec. 10. If he steps from one batsman's box to the other after the pitcher has taken his position.

BASE RUNNING RULES.

Legal Order of Bases.

The Base Runner must touch each base RULE 52. in legal order, viz., First, Second, Third and Home Bases; and when obliged to return while the ball is in play, must retouch the base or bases in reverse order. He can only acquire the right to a base by touching it, before having been put out, and shall then be entitled to hold such base until he has legally touched the next base in order, or has been legally forced to vacate it for a succeeding base runner. However, no base runner shall score a run to count in the game ahead of the base runner preceding him in the batting order, if there be such preceding base runner who has not been put out in that inning.

When the Batsman Becomes a Base-Runner.

The batsman becomes a base runner:

Section 1. Instantly after he makes a RULE 53. fair hit.

SEC. 2. Instantly after "Four Balls" have been called by the umpire.

SEC. 3. Instantly after "Three Strikes" have been de-

clared by the umpire.

Sec. 4. If, without making any attempt to strike at the ball, his person or clothing be hit by a pitched ball unless, in the opinion of the umpire, he plainly make no effort to get out of the way of the pitched ball.

Sec. 5. If the catcher interfere with him in or prevent

him from striking at a pitched ball.

SEC. 6. If a fair hit ball strike the person or clothing of the umpire or a base runner on fair ground.

Entitled to Bases.

The base runner shall be entitled, without liability to be put out, to advance a base RULE 54. in the following cases:

Section 1. If, while the batsman, he becomes a base runner by reason of "four balls" or for being hit by a pitched ball, or for being interfered with by the catcher in striking at a pitched ball.

SEC. 2. If the umpire awards to a succeeding batsman a base on four balls, or for being hit by a pitched ball, or being interfered with by the catcher in striking at a pitched ball and the base runner be thereby forced to vacate the base held by him.

SEC. 3. If the umpire call a "Balk."

SEC. 4. If a ball delivered by the pitcher pass the catcher and touch the umpire or any fence or building within ninety (90) feet of the home base.

SEC. 5. If he be prevented from making a base by the obstruction of a fielder, unless the latter have the ball in

his hand ready to touch the base runner.

Sec. 6. If the fielder stop or catch a batted ball with his cap, glove or any part of his uniform, while detached from its proper place on his person.

Returning to Bases.

RULE 55. The base runner shall return to his base without liability to be put out:

Section 1. If the umpire declares any

foul not legally caught.

SEC. 2. If the umpire declares a foul strike.

SEC. 3. If the umpire *declares* a dead ball, unless it be also the fourth unfair ball, and he be thereby forced to take the next base, as provided in Rule 54, Section 2.

SEC. 4. If the person or clothing of the umpire interfere with the catcher in an attempt to throw or the umpire be struck by a ball thrown by the catcher or other fielder to intercept a base runner.

SEC. 5. If a pitched ball at which the batsman strikes

but misses, touch any part of the batsman's person.

Sec. 6. In any and all of these cases the base runner is not required to touch the intervening bases in returning to the base he is legally entitled to.

When Base Runners are Out.

The base runner is out:

RULE 56. Section I. If, after three strikes have been declared against him while the batsman, the third strike ball be not legally caught and he plainly attempts to hinder the catcher from fielding the ball.

SEC. 2. If, having made a fair hit while batsman, such fair hit ball be momentarily held by a fielder before touching the ground or any object other than a fielder; pro-

vided, it be not caught in a fielder's hat, cap, protector,

pocket or other part of his uniform.

SEC. 3. If, when the umpire has declared "Three Strikes" on him while the batsman, the third strike ball be momentarily held by a fielder before touching the ground; provided, it be not caught in a fielder's cap, protector, pocket or other part of his uniform, or touch some object other than a fielder before being caught.

Sec. 4. If, after three strikes or a fair hit, he be touched with the ball in the hand of a fielder before he shall have

touched first base

Sec. 5. If, after three strikes or a fair hit, the ball be securely held by a fielder while touching first base with any part of his person before such base runner touch first base.

Sec. 6. If, in running the last half of the distance from home base to first base, while the ball is being fielded to first base, he run outside the three foot lines, as defined in Rule 7, unless he do so to avoid a fielder attempting to

field a batted ball.

SEC. 7. It, in running from first to second base, from second to third base, or from third to home base, he run more than three feet from a direct line between a base and the next one in regular or reverse order to avoid being touched by a ball in the hands of a fielder. But in case a fielder be occupying a base runner's proper path in attempting to field a batted ball, then the base runner shall run out of direct line to the next base and behind said

fielder and shall not be declared out for so doing.

SEC. 8. If he fail to avoid a fielder attempting to field a batted bail, in the manner described in Sections 6 and 7 of this rule, or in any way obstruct a fielder in attempting to field a batted ball, or intentionally interfere with a thrown ball; provided, that if two or more fielders attempt to field a batted ball, and the base runner come in contact with one or more of them, the umpire shall determine which fielder is entitled to the benefit of this rule, and shall not decide the base runner out for coming in contact

with a fielder other than the one the umpire determines to be entitled to field such batted ball.

SEC. 9. If at any time while the ball is in play, he be touched by the ball in the hands of a fielder, unless some part of his person be touching the base he is entitled to occupy; provided, however, that the ball be held by the fielder after touching him, unless the base runner delib-

erately knock it out of his hand.

Sec. 10. If, when a fair or foul hit ball (other than a foul tip as defined in Rule 46) be legally caught by a fielder, such ball be legally held by a neider on the base occupied by the base runner when such ball was batted, or the base runner be touched with the ball in the hands of a fielder, before he retouch such base after such fair or foul hit ball was so caught; provided, that the base runner shall not be out in such case, if, after the ball was legally caught as above, it be delivered to the bat by the pitcher before the fielder hold it on said base, or touch the base runner out with it; but if the base runner, in attempting to reach a base, detach it from its fastening before being touched or forced out, he shall be declared safe.

SEC. II. If, when the batsman becomes a base runner, the first base, or the first and second bases, or the first, second and third bases be occupied, any base runner so occupying a base shall cease to be entitled to hold it, and may be put out at the next base in the same manner as in running to first base, or by being touched with the ball in the hands of a fielder at any time before any base runner following him in the batting order be put out, unless the umpire should decide the hit of the batsman to be an in field fly.

Sec. 12. If a fair hit ball strike him before touching a fielder, and, in such case, no base shall be run unless necessitated by the batsman becoming a base runner, but no run shall be scored or any other base runner put out

until the umpire puts the ball back into play.

SEC. 13. If, when advancing bases, or forced to return to a base, while the ball is in play, he fail to touch the intervening base or bases, if any, in the regular or reverse order, as the case may be, he may be put out by the ball being held by a fielder on any base he failed to touch, or by being touched by the ball in the hands of a fielder in the same manner as in running to first base; provided, that the base runner shall not be out in such case if the ball be delivered to the bat by the pitcher before the fielder hold it on said base or touch the base runner with it.

SEC. 14. If, when the umpire call "Play," after the suspension of a game, he fail to return to and touch the base he occupied when "Time" was called before touching the next base; provided, the base runner shall not be out, in such case, if the ball be delivered to the bat by the pitcher, before the fielder hold it on said base or touch the

base runner with it.

Sec. 15. If with one or no one out and a base runner on third base, the batsman interferes with a play being made at home plate.

Sec. 16. If he pass a base runner who is caught between two bases, he shall be declared out immediately upon passing the preceding base runner.

Overrunning First Base.

Sec. 17. The base runner in running to first base may overrun said base after touching it in passing without incurring liability to be out for being off said base, provided he return at once and retouch the base, after which he may be put out as at any other base. If, after overrunning first base, he turn in the direction of or attempt to run to second base, before returning to first base, he shall forfeit such exemption from liability to be put out.

SEC. 18. If, before two hands are out and while third base is occupied, the coacher stationed near that base shall run in the direction of home base on or near the base line while a fielder is making or trying to make a play on a batted ball not caught on the fly, or on a thrown ball, and thereby draws a throw to home base, the base runner entitled to third base shall be declared out by the umpire for the coacher's interference with and prevention of the legitimate play.

SEC. 19. If one or more members of the team at bat stand or collect at or around a base for which a base runner is trying, thereby confusing the fielding side and adding to the difficulty of making such play, the base runner shall be declared out for the interference of his team mate or team mates.

Sec. 20. If he touch home base before a base runner preceding him in the batting order, if there be such preceding base runner, lose his right to third base.

When Umpire Shall Declare an Out.

RULE 57. The umpire shall declare the batsman or base runner out, without waiting for an appeal for such decision, in all cases where such player be put out in accordance with any of these rules, except Sections 13 and 17 of Rule 56.

Coaching Rules.

RULE 58. The coacher shall be restricted to coaching the base runner only, and shall not address remarks except to the base runner, and then only in words of assistance and direction in run-

ning bases. He shall not, by words or signs, incite or try to incite the spectators to demonstrations, and shall not use language which will in any manner refer to or reflect upon a player of the opposite club, the umpire or the spectators. Not more than two coachers, who must be players in the uniform of the team at bat, shall be allowed to occupy the space between the players' and the coachers' lines, one near first and the other near third base, to coach base runners. If there be more than the legal number of coachers or this rule be violated in any respect the captain of the opposite side may call the attention of the umpire to the offense, and thereupon the umpire must order the illegal coacher or coachers to the bench, and if his order be not obeyed within one minute, the umpire shall assess a fine of \$5.00 against each offending player, and upon a repetition of the offense, the offending player or players shall be debarred from further participation in the game, and shall leave the playing field forthwith.

The Scoring of Runs.

One run shall be scored every time a base runner, after having legally touched the first three bases, shall legally touch the home base before three men are put out; provided, however, that if he reach home on or during a play in which the third man be forced out or be put out before reaching first base, a run shall not count. A force-out can be made only when a base runner legally loses the right to the base he occupies and is thereby obliged to advance as the result of a fair hit ball not caught on the fly.

UMPIRE AND HIS DUTIES. Power to Enforce Decisions.

RULE 60. The umpire is the representative of the League and as such is authorized and required to enforce each section of this code. He shall have the power to order a player, captain or manager to do or omit to do any act which in his judgment is necessary to give force and effect to one or all of these rules, and to inflict penalties for violations of the rules as hereinafter prescribed.

RULE 61. There shall be no appeal from any decision of the umpire on the ground that he was not correct in his conclusion as to whether a batted ball was fair or foul, a base runner safe

or out, a pitched ball a strike or ball, or on any other play involving accuracy of judgment, and no decision rendered by him shall be reversed, except that he be convinced that it is in violation of one of these rules. The captain shall alone have the right to protest against a decision and seek its reversal on a claim that it is in conflict with a section of these rules.

Must Not Question Decisions.

Under no circumstances shall a captain or player dispute the accuracy of the um-RULE 62. pire's judgment and decision on a play.

Clubs Can Not Change Umpire.

The umpire can not be changed during a championship game by the consent of the RULE 63. contesting clubs unless the official in charge of the field be incapacitated from service by injury or illness.

Penalties for Violations of the Rules.

In all cases of violation of these rules, by either a player or manager, the penalty for the first offense shall be a fine by the um-RULE 64. pire of \$5.00, and, for a second offense, prompt removal of the offender from the game or grounds, followed by a period of such suspension from actual service in the club as the president of the League may fix.

Umpire to Report Violations of the Rules.

The umpire shall within twelve hours after fining or removing a player from the game, forward to the president a report of RULE 65. the penalty inflicted and the cause therefor.

Immediately upon being informed by the umpire that a fine has been imposed upon any manager, captain or player, the presi-RULE 66. dent shall notify the person so fined and also the club of which he is a member; and, in the event of the failure of the person so fined to pay to the secretary of the League the amount of said fine within five days after notice, he shall be debarred from participating in any championship game or from sitting on a player's bench during the progress of a championship game until such fine be paid.

RULE 67. When the offense of the player debarred from the game be of a flagrant nature, such as the use of obscene language or an four hours thereafter forward to the president of the League full particulars.

Warning to Captains.

The umpire shall notify both captains before the game, and in the presence of each other, that all the playing rules will be ure on their part to co-operate in such enforcement will result in offenders being fined, and, if necessary to preserve discipline, debarred from the game.

On Ground Rules.

RULE 69. Before the commencement of a game the umpire shall see that the rules governing all the materials of the game are strictly whether there are any special ground rules, and if there be he shall acquaint himself with them, advise the captain of the visiting team of their scope and see that each is duly enforced, provided that it does not conflict with any of these rules.

Official Announcements.

RULE 70. The umpire shall call "Play" at the hour appointed for the beginning of a game, announce "Time" at its legal interruption and declare "Game" at its legal termination.

Suspension of Play.

RULE 71. The umpire shall suspend play for the following causes:

spectators on the open field and open stands to seek shelter, in which case he shall note the time of suspension, and should rain fall continuously for thirty minutes thereafter he shall terminate the game.

2. In case of an accident which incapacitates him or a player from service in the field, or in order to remove from the grounds any player or spectator who has violated the rules, or in case of fire, panic or other extraordinary circumstances.

Call of Time.

RULE 72. In suspending play from any legal cause the umpire shall call "Time"; when he calls "Time," play shall be suspended until he calls "Play" again, and during the interim no player shall be put out, base be run or run be scored. "Time" shall not be called by the umpire until the ball be held by the pitcher while standing in his position.

Decisions on Balls and Strikes.

The umpire shall call and count as a "ball" any unfair ball delivered by the RULE 73. pitcher to the batsman. He shall also call and count as a "strike" any fairly delivered ball which passes over any portion of the home base, and within the batsman's legal range as defined in Rule 31, whether struck at or not by the batsman; or a foul tip-which is caught by the catcher standing within the lines of his position, within 10 feet of the home base; or which, after being struck at and not hit, strike the person of the batsman; or when the ball be bunted foul by the batsman; or any foul hit ball not caught on the fly unless the batsman has two strikes, provided, however, that a pitched ball shall not be called or counted a "ball" or "strike" by the umpire until it has passed the home plate.

RULE 74. If but one umpire be assigned, his duties and jurisdiction shall extend to all points, and he shall be permitted to take his stand in any part of the field that in his opinion will best enable him to discharge his duties.

Field Rules.

RULE 75. No person shall be allowed upon any part of the field during the progress of a game except the players in uniform, the manager of each side, the umpire, such officers of the law as may be present in uniform, and such watchmen of the home club as may be necessary to preserve the peace.

RULE 76. No manager, captain or player shall address the spectators during a game except in reply to a request for information about the progress or state of the game.

Every club shall furnish sufficient police force to preserve order upon its own grounds, and in the event of a crowd entering the field during the progress of a game, and interfering with the play in any manner, the visiting club may refuse to play until the field be cleared. If the field be not cleared within 15 minutes thereafter, the visiting club may claim and shall be entitled to the game by a score of nine runs to none (no matter what number of innings has been played).

General Definitions.

RULE 78. "Play" is the order of the umpire to begin the game or to resume it after its suspension.

RULE 79. "Time" is the order of the umpire to suspend play. Such suspension must not extend beyond the day.

"Game" is the announcement of the umpire that the game is terminated.

"An inning" is the term at bat of the nine players representing a club in a game and is completed when three of such players have been legally put out.

RULE 82. "A Time at Bat" is the term at bat of a batsman. It begins when he takes his position, and continues until he is put out or becomes a base runner. But a time at bat shall not be charged against a batsman who is awarded first base by the umpire for being hit by a pitched ball, or on called balls, or when he makes a sacrifice hit, or for interference by the catcher.

"Legal" or "Legally" signifies as required by these rules.

THE SCORING RULES.

RULE 84. To promote uniformity in scoring championship games the following instructions are given and suggestions and definitions made for the guidance of scorers, and they are required to make all scores in accordance therewith.

The Batsman's Record.

Section 1. The first item in the tabu-RULE 85. lated score, after the player's name and position, shall be the number of times he has been at bat during the game, but the exceptions made in Rule 82 must not be included.

SEC. 2. In the second column shall be set down the runs,

if any, made by each player.

SEC. 3. In the third column shall be placed the first base hits, if any, made by each player.

The Scoring of Base Hits.

SEC. 4. A base hit shall be scored in the following cases: When the ball from the bat strikes the ground on or within the foul lines and out of the reach of the fielders.

When a fair-hit ball is partially or wholly stopped by a fielder in motion, but such player can not recover himself in time to field the ball to first before the striker reaches

that base or to force out another base runner.

When the ball be hit with such force to an infielder or pitcher that he can not handle it in time to put out the batsman or force out a base runner. In a case of doubt over this class of hits, a base hit should be scored and the fielder exempted from the charge of an error.

When the ball is hit so slowly toward a fielder that he cannot handle it in time to put out the batsman or force

out a base runner.

In all cases where a base runner is retired by being hit by a batted ball, unless batted by himself, the batsman should be credited with a base hit.

When a batted ball hits the person or clothing of the umpire, as defined in Rule 53, Section 6.

In no case shall a base hit be scored when a base runner is forced out by the play.

Sacrifice Hits.

SEC. 5. In the fourth column shall be placed the sacri-

fice hits.

A sacrifice hit shall be credited to the batsman who when no one is out or when but one man is out, advances a runner a base by a bunt hit, which results in the batsman being put out before reaching first, or would so result if it were handled without error.

Fielding Records.

SEC. 6. The number of opponents, if any, put out by each player shall be set down in the fifth column. Where the batsman is given out by the umpire for a foul strike, or fails to bat in proper order, the put-out shall be scored to the catcher. In cases of the base runner being declared "out" for interference, running out of line, or on an infield fly, the "out" should be credited to the player who would have made the play but for the action of the base runner or the announcement of the umpire.

SEC. 7. The number of times, if any, each player assists in putting out an opponent shall be set down in the sixth column. An assist should be given to each player who handles the ball in aiding in a run out or any other play

of the kind, except the one who completes it.

An assist should be given to a player who makes a play in time to put a runner out, even if the player who could complete the play fail, through no fault of the assisting

player.

And generally an assist should be given to each player who handles or assists in any manner in handling the ball from the time it leaves the bat until it reaches the player who makes the put-out, or in case of a thrown ball, to each player who throws or handles it cleanly, and in such a way that a put-out results, or would result if no error were made by a team-mate.

Assists should be credited to every player who handles the ball in the play which results in a base runner being called "out" for interference or for running out of line.

Errors.

SEC. 8. An error shall be given in the seventh column for each misplay which prolongs the time at bat of the batsman or allows a base runner to make one or more bases when perfect play would have insured his being put out. But a wild pitch, a base on balls, a base awarded to a batsman by being struck by a pitched ball, an illegal pitch, a balk and a passed ball, each of which is a battery and not a fielding error, shall not be included in the seventh column.

An error shall not be charged against the catcher for a wild throw in an attempt to prevent a stolen base, unless the base runner advance an extra base because of the error.

An error shall not be scored against the catcher or an

infielder who attempts to complete a double play, unless the throw be so wild that an additional base be gained.

In case a base runner advance a base through the failure of a baseman to stop or try to stop a ball accurately thrown to his base, he shall be charged with an error and not the player who made such throw, provided there were occasion for it. If such throw be made to second base the scorer shall determine whether the second baseman or shortstop shall be charged with an error.

Stolen Bases.

SEC. 9. A stolen base shall be credited to the base runner whenever he advances a base unaided by a base hit, a put-out, a fielding or a battery error.

The Summary.

The Summary shall contain:

RULE 86. Section 1. The score made in each inning of the game and the total runs of each side in the game.

SEC. 2. The number of stolen bases, if any, made by each player.

The number of two-base hits, if any, made by SEC. 3. each player

SEC. 4. The number of three-base hits, if any, made by each player.

SEC. 5. The number of home runs, if any, made by each player.

SEC. 6. The number of double and triple plays, if any, made by each side and the names of the players assisting in the same.

The number of innings each pitcher pitched in. SEC. 7. The number of base hits, if any, made off each pitcher.

SEC. 9. The number of times, if any, the pitcher strikes out the opposing batsmen.

SEC. 10. The number of times, if any, the pitcher gives bases on balls.

SEC. 11. The number of wild pitches, if any, charged to the pitcher.

SEC. 12. The number of times, if any, the pitcher hits a batsman with a pitched ball.

SEC. 13. The number of passed balls by each catcher. SEC. 14. The time of the game.

SEC. 15. The name of the umpire.

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To Umpires, Managers and Players

The attention of all National League Officials and Players is called to the following Resolution, adopted at the Annual Meeting of the League, at New York City, December 12, 1906:

Resolved. That the President of this organization is hereby vested with full and absolute power to maintain order and discipline on the ball field, and that he shall have full power to discipline any player or manager for the violation of good order on the ball field; that this discipline shall be either in a fine or suspension from the grounds of any club. That he shall be authorized to adopt such regulations for maintaining order on the ball field as he shall deem fit and proper; that he shall have full and absolute power to act upon any complaint made by the umpire against any player or manager for violation of order; that in all cases where the penalty fixed is either a fine or suspension his decision shall be final. That in cases where he deems it fit and proper that the offender or offenders should be expelled from the organization, that such expulsion shall not go into effect until same has been ratified by the Board of Directors (the President not voting). That this resolution and the powers granted herein shall prevail until repealed and that any provision either in the Constitution or Playing Rules of this organization in conflict with the provisions of this resolution shall be null and void during the life of this resolution.

Reconvened Annual Meeting of the National League of Professional Base Ball Clubs

Held at the Victoria Hotel, New York City, Tuesday, June 19th, 1906.

Meeting called to order at 12 o'clock noon.

President H. C. Pulliam in chair; John Heydler acting as Secretary.

Present:

Brooklyn-Chas. H. EBBETS.

Philadelphia—WILLIAM SHETTSLINE.

Pittsburg-WILL LOCKE.

St. Louis—Frank de Hass Robison and M. S. Robison, The Boston and Chicago clubs were represented by proxies held by President Pulliam.

The Cincinnati Club was represented by proxy held by Will Locke.

Reading of minutes of last meeting was laid over.

The Chair made report of financial condition of League. The Chair stated that, as result of mail vote, \$1,000 had been donated by the League for the relief of San Francisco sufferers.

On recommendation of joint committee of all organized leagues, the League voted the sum of \$500 to aid the Pacific Coast Base Ball League, and further agreed to contribute \$150 by each of its clubs for the same purpose.

Mr. Ebbets presented a resolution providing for the furnishing by all League clubs of proper dressing rooms for visiting players. The same was unanimously indorsed and referred to Committee on Constitution, with instruc-

tion to present an amendment to the Constitution at the December meeting covering the provisions of the resolu-

On motion of Mr. Ebbets, and with the purpose of stopping indiscriminate batting practice prior to beginning of a game and confining the same to the diamond proper, the League voted to make the following changes in the customary time allotments for batting practice:

"Beginning one hour before time advertised for beginning of game, the time to be divided by the contestant clubs as follows:

"First 20 minutes to home club for batting practice.

"Second 20 minutes to visiting club for batting practice.

"Next 10 minutes to home club for fielding practice.

"Final 10 minutes to visiting club for fielding practice."
At 1:30 o'clock P. M., the League adjourned, subject to call of Chair

Annual Meeting of the National League of Professional Base Ball Clubs

Held at the Victoria Hotel, New York City. December 11 to 13, inclusive, 1906.

Tuesday, December 11, 1906.

Meeting called to order at 2:30 P. M. President Harry C. Pulliam in the Chair. John A. Heydler acting as Secretary.

Present:

A. H. Soden and George B. Dovey, representing the Boston League Ball Club.

CHARLES H. EBBETS and HENRY MEDICUS, representing the Brooklyn Ball Club.

CHARLES W. MURPHY, representing the Chicago League Ball Club.

JOHN T. BRUSH and FRED M. KNOWLES, representing the National Exhibition Company of New York.

W. J. SHETTSLINE and D. LEROY REEVES, representing the Philadelphia Ball Company.

Barney Dreyfuss and Will Locke, representing the Pittsburg Athletic Company.

On roll call, Mr. Soden announced his retirement from the councils of the National League and introduced Mr. George B. Dovey, his successor as President of the Boston Club.

As a mark of esteem, the League, by rising vote, elected Messrs. Arthur H. Soden and W. H. Conant honorary members of the National League for life. A Committee consisting of Messrs. Herrmann, Ebbets and Dreyfuss

was appointed to present, at a later meeting, a resolution on the retirement of Messrs. Soden and Conant.

A recess was taken until 8 P. M.

Tuesday, December 11, 1906.

Meeting reconvened at 8:30 P. M.

All clubs present save New York and Cincinnati.

The minutes of the reconvened Annual Meeting of February 14 and 15, 1906, were read and approved.

The minutes of the summer meeting of June 19 were read and approved.

The President presented his annual report, which was spread upon the minutes.

On motion, it was decided to tender a complimentary banquet to Messrs. Soden and Conant, and a committee consisting of Messrs. Dreyfuss, Murphy and Herrmann was appointed to take charge of same.

A recess was taken until December 12.

Wednesday, December 12, 1906.

Meeting called to order at 1:30 P. M., all clubs being present.

The report of the Board of Directors was approved and ordered spread on the minutes. The report carried with it the award of the championship of 1906 to the Chicago League Ball Club.

Under amendments to Constitution, Mr. Brush offered the following, which was adopted:

SEC. 49. 3. Each park shall also be provided with proper and suitable dressing room or rooms for visiting players, the same to be supplied with toilet conveniences, hot and cold

water and shower bath, and twenty suitable lockers for such players. Such dressing rooms to be properly heated and cared for and made subject to the control during occupancy thereof of the players of the visiting club. The penalty for failure to provide and maintain such dressing rooms shall be \$25 for each day of failure to provide the same according to this rule; the same to be assessed and collected by the Secretary of the League upon the complaint of the visiting club.

On motion, Messrs. Ebbets, Dreyfuss and Brush were appointed a committee on uniform tickets of admission.

Election of officers being in order, the President vacated the chair in favor of Mr. Herrmann.

Mr. Harry C. Pulliam was placed in nomination for the office of President for the ensuing year and, at the termination of the ballot, was declared elected.

Mr. John A. Heydler was placed in nomination for the position of Secretary-Treasurer of the League for the ensuing year and, at the conclusion of the ballot, was declared elected.

Messrs. Dreyfuss, Ebbets, Herrmann, Murphy and Dovey, as representatives of their respective clubs, were nominated and declared elected as Directors of the National League for the ensuing year.

The following Committees were appointed to serve during the ensuing year:

Constitution-Messrs. Brush, Herrmann, and Ebbets.

Playing Rules—Messrs. Dreyfuss, Hanlon, and Murphy. The League, on motion of Mr. Murphy, unanimously readopted the resolution giving the President power to preserve discipline on the ball field.

After the transaction of routine business, a recess was taken until 1 o'clock on Friday, December 13.

Friday, December 13, 1906.

Meeting reconvened at 1:10 P. M., all clubs being present.

Sections 15 and 39 of the Constitution were amended so as to conform with the action of the League in separating the office of President from that of Secretary-Treasurer.

An informal discussion was had upon the matter of the admission of the Tri-State League into the provisions of the National Agreement.

On motion, the League adjourned, to meet at the call of the Chair.

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Reconvened Annual Meeting of the National League of Professional Base Ball Clubs

Held at the Victoria Hotel, New York City, Monday and Tuesday, February 25 and 26, 1907.

FIRST DAY.

Monday, February 25, 1907.

Meeting called to order in Parlor 228 at 3:30 P. M. Harry C. Pulliam in chair; John Heydler, Secretary.

Present:

GEO. B. DOVEY and JOHN S. C. DOVEY, representing the Boston National League Base Ball Company.

CHAS. H. EBBETS and H. W. MEDICUS, representing the Brooklyn Ball Club.

Charles W. Murphy, representing the Chicago League Ball Club.

August Herrmann, representing the Cincinnati Exhibition Company.

JOHN T. BRUSH, representing the National Exhibition Company of New York.

WM. J. SHETTSLINE and D. LEROY REEVES, representing the Philadelphia Ball Company.

WILL LOCKE, representing the Pittsburg Athletic Company.

M. S. Robison and Frank deHass Robison, representing the American Base Ball and Athletic Exhibition Company of St. Louis.

The minutes of the December, 1906, meeting were read and approved.

The report of the Board of Directors approving the transfer of the National League franchise from the Boston Base Ball Association to the new Boston National League Base Ball Company was unanimously concurred in.

The committee, consisting of Messrs. Herrmann, Dreyfuss and Ebbets, appointed to draft suitable resolutions on the retirement of Messrs. Soden and Conant, presented its report. On motion of Mr. Dovey, the same was unanimously adopted, and copies of the resolution ordered to be engrossed and sent the retiring owners of the Boston Club.

Mr. Ebbets presented the report of committee on uniform tickets and turnstiles. The League unanimously voted to adopt the uniform ticket and rain check plan outlined. The contract for the printing of the seven or more million tickets required was ordered to be placed with a union label firm.

President Pulliam announced his umpire staff for 1907 as follows: Robert Emslie, Henry O'Day, J. E. Johnstone, Wm. J. Klem, W. B. Carpenter, and Chas. Rigler.

A recess was taken until 2 o'clock next day.

SECOND DAY.

Tuesday, February 26, 1907.

Meeting called to order at 3 o'clock P. M. H. C. Pulliam in chair. John Heydler, Secretary.

All clubs represented.

The report of the Joint Playing Rules Committee was presented by Mr. Locke, secretary of the committee. The same was received and filed. (See amended Playing Rules.)

Sections 32 and 33 of the Constitution were amended so as to conform with League action in separating the office of President from that of Secretary-Treasurer.

The matter of uniform tickets and improvement of turnstiles was further discussed.

The Playing Schedule for the season of 1907 was presented by the President, and was unanimously adopted.

At 5:45 o'clock P. M. the League adjourned subject to call of the Chair.

Officers and Members

The following is an official list of the Officers of the National League of Professional Base Ball Clubs, and Officers of Clubs members thereof for the season of 1907:

President,

HARRY C. PULLIAM,

Rooms 1424-1426 St. James Building, New York City Telephone, 2209 Madison (Long Distance)

Secretary-Treasurer,
JOHN A. HEYDLER,
(Address as above.)

Board of Directors

BARNEY DREYFUSS, CHARLES H. EBBETS, CHARLES W. MURPHY, GEO. B. DOVEY, AUGUST HERRMANN.

BOSTON NATIONAL LEAGUE BASE BALL COMPANY.

1118 Paddock Building.

GEO. B. DOVEY, President and Treasurer.

JOHN S C. DOVEY, Secretary.

THE BROOKLYN BALL CLUB,

Brooklyn, N. Y.

CHARLES H. EBBETS, President-Manager.
HENRY W. MEDICUS, Treasurer.
C. H. EBBETS, JR., Secretary.

CINCINNATI EXHIBITION COMPANY,

Cincinnati, Ohio.

AUGUST HERRMANN, President.

MAX C. FLEISCHMANN, Secretary and Treasurer, Wiggins Block.

CHICAGO LEAGUE BALL CLUB, Chicago, Ill.

CHARLES W. MURPHY, President, 1115 Masonic Temple.
CHARLES G. WILLIAMS, Secretary and Treasurer.
CHARLES H. THOMAS, Associate Secretary.

PITTSBURG ATHLETIC COMPANY, Pittsburg, Pa.

BARNEY DREYFUSS, President. W. H. LOCKE, Secretary.
903 Farmers Bank Building.

PHILADELPHIA BALL COMPANY,

Philadelphia, Pa.

WM. J. SHETTSLINE, President.

D. LeROY REEVES, Secretary.

EDWIN I. HYNEMAN, Treasurer.

819-21 Real Estate and Trust Building.

NATIONAL EXHIBITION COMPANY, New York.

JOHN T. BRUSH, President.
FRED M. KNOWLES, Secretary-Treasurer.
Room 930 St. James Building.

AMERICAN BASE BALL AND ATHLETIC EXHIBITION COMPANY OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

M. S. ROBISON, President and Treasurer. FRANK DeHASS ROBISON, Vice-President.

Club Lists of Players

Who Participated in the National League Championship Campaign of 1906

CHICAGO.

Manager, Frank Chance.

Pitchers—Orval Overall, Mordecai Brown, John Pfeister, Ed. Reulbach, F. S. Beebe, Robert Wicker, Chas. Harper, John W. Taylor, and Carl Lundgren. Catchers—John Kling, P. J. Moran. Infielders—Frank Chance, John Evers, Harry Steinfeldt, Joseph Tinker. Outfielders—James Slagle, James Sheckard, Frank Schulte. Utility—Arthur Hofman, H. H. Gessler, L. O. Smith, P. Noonan, Thomas Walsh.

NEW YORK.

Manager, John McGraw.

Pitchers—Leon Ames, Geo. Wiltse, Luther Taylor, Geo. Ferguson, Jos. McGinnity, and Chris. Mathewson. Catchers—Mat. Fitzgerald, Wm. R. Marshall, Alex. Smith, Frank Bowerman, Roger Bresnahan. Infielders—Daniel McGann, Wm. Gilbert, Arthur Devlin, Wm. Dahlen. Outfielders—Sam Mertes, W. P. Shannon, Mike Donlin, J. B. Seymour, Geo. Browne. Utility—Sam Strang, John McGraw, Frank Burke, John Hannifin.

PITTSBURG.

Fred Clarke, Manager.

Pitchers—Homer Hillebrand, J. A. Maxwell, A. P. Leifield, Ed. Karger, Chas. E. McFarland, Sam Leever, M. Lynch, Jas. W. Brady, Chas. Phillippe, C. E. Case, W. McIlveen, Louis Manske, Howard Camnitz, Victor Wil-

lis. Catchers—Geo. Gibson, Henry Peitz, F. C. Carisch, Harry Smith, Edw. Phelps. Infielders—James Nealon, Claude Ritchey, Thos. Leach, John Wagner, Thos. Sheehan, Allan Storke, Wm. Abstein. Outfielders—Fred. Clarke, Clarence Beaumont, R. S. Ganley, Otis Clymer, Arthur Meier, Wm. Hallman.

PHILADELPHIA.

Hugh Duffy, Manager.

Pitchers—Chas. Pittenger, H. Kane, Chas. A. Nichols, Walter F. Moser, T. F. Sparks, Chas. Roy, J. J. McCloskey, Wm. Duggleby, Louis Richie, John Lush. Catchers—Chas. Dooin, J. F. Donovan, C. Crist, H. Huston. Infielders—Wm. Bransfield, Wm. Gleason, E. E. Courtney, M. J. Doolin, Paul Sentell, Jos. A. Ward. Outfielders—S. Magee, Roy Thomas, John Titus. Utility—Hugh Duffy.

BROOKLYN.

P. J. Donovan, Manager.

Pitchers—James Pastorious, J. H. Doescher, J. W. Whiting, M. W. Eason, W. D. Scanlan, Oscar Knolls, Chas. E. McFarland, Elmer Stricklett, H. M. McIntyre. Catchers—Wm. Bergen, Louis Ritter, John Butler. Infielders—T. J. Jordan, H. H. Gessler, Chas. A. Alperman, James Casey, Philip Lewis, J. H. Hummel. Outfielders—J. A. McCarthy, Wm. A. Maloney, H. G. Lumley, Emil Batch, P. J. Donovan, Philip Reardon.

CINCINNATI.

Edward Hanlon, Manager.

Pitchers—Chas. C. Fraser, Chas. Hall, Leo Hafford, Carl Druhot, Aug. Dorner, Wm. Essick, Jake Weimer. Bob Ewing, Chas. W. Harper, Robt. Wicker, Del Mason, C. W. Chech, Orval Overall. Catchers—O. H. Stanage, P. Livingston, Edw. Phelps, Geo. Schlei, John McLean.

Infielders—J. C. Barry, C. C. Carr, John W. Deal, Miller W. Huggins, James Delahanty, John Lobert, Thos. Corcoran, H. Mowrey, Ed. Tiemeyer. Outfielders—Jos. J. Kelley, J. B. Seymour, Fred Odwell, Frank Jude, Wm. Hinchman, James Barrett, John H. Siegle, Homer Smoot.

ST. LOUIS.

John McCloskey, Manager.

Pitchers—I. C. Higginbotham, C. Adams, Chas. Rhodes, John Thielman, Grant McGlynn, Chas. E. Brown, Chas. E. McFarland, Ed. Karger, J. G. Thompson, Carl Druhot, A. Puttmann, A. Fromme, A. J. Egan, F. L. Beebe, John W. Taylor. Catchers—Mike Grady, J. F. Slattery, J. N. McCarthy, Thos. J. Raub, H. Holmes, Wm. R. Marshall. Infielders—Jos. J. Beckley, Justin Bennett, Harry Arndt, F. A. Crawford, Geo. F. McBride, Edw. Holly, E. D. Zimmerman, Wm. Phyle, P. Noonan. Outfielders—W. P. Shannon, Homer Smoot, John Himes, Thos. O'Hara, S. B. Mertes, John C. Barry, Arthur DeGroff, J. H. Marshall, A. W. Burch, John J. Murray. Utility—Arthur Hoelskoetter.

BOSTON.

Fred Tenney, Manager.

Pitchers—Irving M. Young, Frank Pfeffer, Leroy Witherup, V. A. Lindaman, August Dorner, Maroney, W. T. McCarthy. Catchers—Thos. Needham, John O'Neill, Sam Brown. Infielders—Fred Tenney, Albert Strobel, David Brain, A. H. Bridwell, J. Connaughton. Outfielders—Eugene Good, Harry Dolan, John Bates, Geo. E. Howard. Utility—Cameron, Diehl, Spencer Schulte, Madden.

UMPIRES, 1906.

Robert Emslie, Henry O'Day, J. E. Johnstone, Wm. J. Klem, Wm. B Carpenter, J. H. Conway, Wm. Supple, Chas. Rigler.

The New Drafting Section of the National Agreement

(Amended, 1906.)

ARTICLE VI.

SEC. 6. The right of a Minor League club to its players shall be absolute, except that from September 1st to October 15th of each year Major League clubs shall have the privilege of selecting players from the National Association clubs for the following season, upon payment of \$1,000 for each player so selected from clubs in Class "A" Leagues; \$750 for each player so selected from clubs in Class "B" Leagues; \$500 for each player so selected from clubs in Class "C" Leagues; and \$300 for each player so selected from clubs of a lower class, the payments to be made IN FULL to the Secretary of the National Association, through the Secretary of the Commission, at the time when the selection is made, the player to revert to the club from which he was selected, if, when released, he is not signed within ten days by a club of a Major League; provided, however, that not more than one player shall be selected from any Class "A" club during any one year.

National League Averages.

	CL	UB.	BA	TTI	NG.								
Club,	G.	AB.	R.	В	H.	TB.	2B.	3B.	HR.	PC.	SH.	SB.	
	154	5018	704	13	16	1699	181	71	20	.262	231	281	3
Pittsburg		5030	622			1647	164	67	12	.261	190	16:	2
New York		4768	625			1530	162	53	15	.255	154	288	3
Philadelphia		4911	530	11	83	1510	197	47	12	.241	145	180)
Cincinnati	155	5025	530	11	98	1528	140	71	16	.238	164	170	
Brooklyn	153	4897	495	11	56	1508	141	68	25	.236	162	17	
St. Louis		5075	475			1500	137	69	10	.235	139	110	
Boston	152	4925	408	11	15	1385	136	43	16	.226	119	9:	3
INI	DIV	IDU.	AT.	DA	TYPT	NC							
INI	DIV	IDU.	ALI	DA	111	74.01			H.		S.	S	
Name and Club.		1	AB.	R	RH	. TB.	2B	. 2B	. R.	PC.	H		
			516	103	175		38	9	2	.339	-	-	
Wagner, Pittsburg Ferguson, New York			15	2	5		2	ő	0	.333	(
Steinfeldt, Chicago		51 1	539	81	176		27	10	3	.327	27		
Lumley, Brooklyn	1	21	184	72	157	231	23	12	9	.324	21		
Mowrey, Cincinnati		17	53	3	17	20	3	0	0	.321	- (
Chance, Chicago			174	103	151	204	24	10	3	.319	18		
Strang, New York			313	50	100		16	4	4	.319	7	7 2	i
Donlin, New York		30	121	15	38	48	5	1	1	.314		5	9
Kling, Chicago		99	343	45	107	144	15	8	2	.312		3 1	4
Lobert, Cincinnati		76 5	268	39	83		5	5	0	.310	13		
Clarke, Pittsburg	1	10	117	69	129		14	13	1	.309	20		
McCarthy, Brooklyn			322	23	98		13	1	0	.304	10		9
Devlin, New York	1	48	198	76	149		23	8	2	.299	13		
Ward, Philadelphia			129	12	38		8	6	0	.295	3		2
Huggins, Cincinnati]	46	545	81	159		11	7 5	0	.292	21		
Seymour, CinNew York			576	70	165		19	7	8	.286	10		
Leach, Pittsburg			176	66	136		12	8	1	.283	10		
Tenney, Boston			544	61	154		36	8	6	.282	10		
Magee, Philadelphia			78	9	22		2	4	0	.282	1		2
Raub, St. Louis			563	77	158		18	13	7	.281	3		
Schulte, Chicago			405	69	114		22	14	0	.281	- 0		
Delahanty Cincinnati		12	279	63	106		21	4	1	280			

 Bransneid, Financeipina
 159

 Himes, St. Louis.
 40

 Arndt, St. Louis.
 67

 Hallman, Pittsburg
 23

 Ritchie, Pittsburg
 151

 Barry, Cin.-St. Louis.
 125

 Waltzer, Cilesbrate
 125

 Barry, Um.-St. Louis.
 139

 Weimer, Cincinnati
 41

 Titus, Philadelphia
 142

 Burch, St. Louis.
 91

 Beaumont, Pittsburg
 78

 Browne, Geo., New York
 121

 Lush, Philadelphia
 61

 Mathewson, New York
 38

 Bennett, St. Louis.
 153

 Sheckard, Chicago
 149

 Jordan
 Brooklyn
 126

Jordan, Brooklyn 126 Howard, Boston 147 Ganley, Pittsburg 134

.266

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INDIVIDUAL BATTING.—(Continued.)

Name and Olah	-	1000						H.		S.	S.	
Name and Club.	G.	AB.	R.	BH.	TB.	2B.	3B.	R.	PC.	H.	B.	
Hofman, Chicago	60	195	30	50	64	2						
Batch, Brooklyn	5.9	203	23	52			3	2	. 256	6	13	
Evers, Chicago	154	533			71	7	6	0	.256	7	3	
Nealon, Pittsburg	104		65	136	168	17	6	1	.255	24	49	
Thomas Dhiladalahta	154	556	82	142	196	21	12	3	.255	21	15	
Thomas, Philadelphia	142	493	81	125	149	10	7	0	.254	14	22	
Gessler, Brooklyn-Chicago	31	114	11	29	37	4	2	0	.254	3	7	
SHOOL, St. Louis-Cincinnati	1.45	563	52	142	184	17	11	1	.252	11	3	
Bates, Boston	140	504	52	127	176	21	5	6				
Alperman, Brooklyn	107	441	38	111	149	15			.252	9	9	
Moran, Chicago	61	226	22				7	3	.252	26	13	
Diam, Boston	1.00			57	72	13	1	0	.252	8	6	
Grady, St. Louis	139	525	43	131	175	19	5	5	.250	17	11	
Dolan Roston	92	280	33	70	96	11	3	3	.250	6	5	
Dolan, Boston	152	549	54	136	164	20	4	0	.248	13	17	
Beckley, St. Louis	85	320	29	79	107	16	6	0	.247	13	3	
I Helps. Uncinnati Dittahung	85.69	158	12	39	51	3	3	1	.247	5	3	
ECHIEL CIBEINISTI	440	388	44	95	136							
Doorn, Philadelphia	400	351	25	86		13	8	4	.245	8	7	
Phillippe, Pittsburg	101				107	19	1	0	.245	9	15	
		82	5	20	22	2	0	0	.244	0	0	
Mertes, New York-St. Louis.	135	452	40	110	126	8	-4	0	.243	18	14	
Shoohan Dittel Louis.	124	444	57	107	146	16	10	1	.241	15	31	
Sheehan, Pittsburg	90	315	28	76	91	6	3	1	.241	17	13	
	143	471	63	113	140	18	3	1	.240	8	16	
		125	13	30	38	8	0	0				
	-	498	71	119	139	8			.240	3	1	
		451	62				6	0	.239	10	25	
Courtney, Philadelphia	100			107	137	14	8	0	.237	21	30	
Casey, Brooklyn	112	398	53	94	110	12	2	0	.236	5	6	
Tinker Chicago	149	571	71	133	166	17	8	0	.233	17	22	
Tinker, Chicago	148	523	75	122	151	18	4	1	.233	36	30	
	98	307	44	71	82	6	1	1	.231	14	22	
	19	65	8	15	16	1	0	0	.231	1	0	
	154	535	41	123	159	19	7					
	55	192	19	44				1	.230	22	16	
	127	465			54	5	1	1	.229	12	15	
			43	106	150	19	11	1	.228	27	9	
Gleason, Philadelphia Bridwell, Boston Marshall, W., N. YSt. L Hoelskoetter, St. Louis Odwell, Cincinnati	84	285	23	65	-81	7	3	1	.228	7	5	
Bridwell Posts	135	494	47	112	133	17	2	0	.227	31	17	
Marchall TV	120	459	41	104	115	9	1	0	.227	13	6	
Marshan, W., N. YSt. L	67	225	14	51	64	7	3	0	.227	3	8	
Hoelskoetter, St. Louis	94	317	21	71	83	6	3	0	.224	7	2	
Odwell, Cincinnati	57	202	20	45	58	5	4	0	.223	9	11	
Maloney, Brooklyn Karger, Pittsburg-St. Louis. Leever, Pittsburg Jude, Cincinnati	151	566	71	125	154	15						
Karger, Pittsburg-St Louis	30	84	3				7	0	.221	17	38	
Leever, Pittsburg	36			18	27	4	1	1	,214	0	0	
Jude, Cincinnati	00	95	9	20	23	1	1	0	.211	1	0	
Ritter, Brooklyn	80	308	31	64	81	6	4	1	.208	6	7	
Deal, Cincinnati	67	226	22	47	54	1	3	0	.208	6	6	
	65	231	13	48	58	4	3	0	.208	6	15	
Brown, Sam. Boston. Taylor, J., St. Louis-Chicago. Corcoran, Cincinnati Crawford St. Louis	65	231	12	48	56	6	1	0	.208	8	4	
Taylor, J., St. Louis-Chicago.	34	106	9	22	25	3	0	0	.208	2	1	
Corcoran, Cincinnati	117	430	29	89	107	13	1	1	.207			
	45	145	8	30	35					10	8	
Stricklett, Brooklyn						3	1	0	.207	4	1	
Lynch, Pittsburg Brown, M., Chleago. Hinchman, Cincinnati Strobel, Boston	41	97	7	20	26	4	1	0	.206	3	2	
Brown, M Chicago	18	39	2	8	8	0	0	0	.205	4	0	
Hinchman Charles Control	36	98	11	20.	21	1	0	0	.204	5	0	
Strobol Post	1.6	54	7	11	14	1	1	0	.204	2	2	
Strobel, Boston	99	317	28	64	83	10	3	1	.202	12	2	
	86	286	20	57	74	6	4		.199			
		166	11	33	37			1		4	10	
Pfeffer, Boston Wiltsie New York	. 50	158	10			4	0	0	.199	3	2	
	40			31	43	3	3	1	.196	2	2	
		94	13	18	20	2	0	0	.191	4	3	
Needham, Boston Scanlan Brooklyn	22	94	9	18	26	2	3	0	.191	1	0	
Scanlan Brooklyn	81	285	11	54	69	8	2	1	.190	2	3	
Scanlan, Brooklyn	28	97	11	18	20	2	0	0	.186	3	1	
Taylor, L., New York	31	76	6	14	18	2	1	0	.184	2	ô	
			1		44	-		U	-104	4	0	

INDIVIDUAL BATTING .- (Continued.)

11.21.12.11	-	350,70		1,3			1	H		S.	S.	
Name and Club,	G.	AB.	R.	BH.	TB.	2B.	3B.	R.	PC.	H.	B.	
O'Neill, Boston	51	167	14	30	37	5	1	0	.180	5	0	
Cameron, Boston	18	61	3	11	11	0	0	0	.180	0	0	
Overall, Cincinnati-Chicago	31	84	10	15	18	3	0	0	.179	3	1	
Lundgren, Chicago	28	67	4	12	15	3	0	0	.179	6	0	
Gibson, Pittsburg	81	259	8	46	54	6	1	0	.178	7	1	
Phyle, St. Louis	21	73	6	13	18	3	1	0	.178	1	2	
Thompson, St. Louis	17	34	1	6	6	0	0	0	.176	0	0	
McIntyre, Brooklyn	42	103	5	18	21	1	1	0	.175	1	0	
Willis, Pittsburg	41	115	5	20	21	1	0	0	.174	3	0	
Noonan, Chicago-St, Louis	40	128	8	22	32	1	3	1	.172	6	1	
Fraser, Cincinnati	31	82	4	14	17	1	1	0	.171	4	0	
McBride, St. Louis	90	313	24	53	65	8	2	0	.169	7	5	
Brown, Chas., St. Louis	32	85	4	14	20	3	0	1	.165	6	0	
Bergen, Brooklyn		353	9	56	65	3	3	0	.161	12	2	
Livingston, Cincinnati	47	139	- 8	22	31	1	4	0	.158	5	0	
Marshall, J., St. Louis	27	95	2	15	20	1	2	0	.158	0	0	
Reulbach, Chicago	34	83	4	13	13	0	0	0	.157	6	0	
Wicker, Chicago-Cincinnati	30	70	6	11	16	1	2	0	.157	1	2	
Sparks, Philadelphia	42	104	6	16	22	4	-1	0	.154	3	0	
Goode, Boston	34	119	4	18	18	0	0	0	.151	1	2	
Beebe, Chicago-St. Louis	34	87	6	13	17	2	1	0	.149	3	1	
Duggleby, Philadelphia	42	99	7	14	23	3	0	2	.141	1	0	
Pastorious, Brooklyn	29	71	6	10	14	2	1	0	.141	5	0	
Ewing, Cincinnati	33	101	5	14	17	0	0	1	.139	1	6	
Dorner, Cincinnati-Boston	36	105	5	14	14	0	0	0	.133	5	1	
Lindaman, Boston	39	106	9	14	18	2	1	0	.132	3	1	
McGinnity, New York	45	115	3	15	18	1	1	0	.130	12	0	
Hall, Cincinnati	16	47	7	6	8	2	0	0	.128	1	0	
Leifield, Pittsburg	37	88	6	11	11	0	0	0	.125	4	1	
Siegle, Cincinnati	21	68	4	8	14	2	2	0	.118	7	0	
Young, Boston		125	6	12	13	1	0	0	.096	2	0	
Eason, Brooklyn	36	88	- 5	8	10	2	0	0	.091	1	0	
Pittenger, Philadelphia	20	44	5	4	5	1	0	0	.091	1	0	
Egan, St. Louis	16	29	0	2	2	0	0	0	.069	1	0	
Ames, New York		61	2	4	4	0	0	0	.066	1	0	
Ritchie, Philadelphia	33	60	1	3	6	1	1	0	.050	1	0	
Pfeister, Chicago	31	84	5	4	4	0	0	0	.048	2	0	

CLUB FIELDING.

Name and Club.	G.	P.O.	A.	E.	T.C.	P.C.	P.B.
Chicago	154	4160	1935	194	6289	.969	14
Pittsburg	154	4092	1998	228	6318	.964	26
New York		3988	2120	233	6341	.963	26
Cincinnati		4078	1990	262	6330	.959	21
St. Louis		3952	2071	272	6295	.957	38
Philadelphia		4018	1828	271	6117	.956	13
Brooklyn		4033	1951	283	6267	.955	16
Boston	152	3975	2076	337	6388	.947	23

INDIVIDUAL FIELDING. FIRST BASEMEN.

I IIII A AMEDINATION													
Name and Club.	G.	PO	A.	E.	PC.	Name and Club.	G.	PO.	A.	E.	PC.		
McGann, N. Y.,						Tenney, Boston,	143	1456	118	28	.983		
Bowerman, N. Y.,	20	177	12	2	.990	Carr, Cincinnati	22	221	16	4	.983		
Hofman, Chicago,						Schlei, Cincinnati		216	17	4	.983		
Chance, Chicago,	136	1376	82	16	.989	Hummell, Brooklyn.	16	157	6	3	.982		
Nealon, Pittsburg,						Grady, St. Louis,	35	299	18	6	.981		
Beckley, St. Louis,						Bransfield, Phila	139	1318	88	29	.980		
Deal, Cincinnati,	65	624	46	10	.985	Jordan, Brooklyn,	126	1240	64	30	.978		
Barry, CinSt. L.,	64	657	38	11	.984	Noonan, ChiSt. L.,	16	153	11	7	.959		

INDIVIDUAL FIELDING .- (Continued.)

SECOND BASEMEN.

Name and Club,	G.	PO.	A.	E.	PC. Name and Club.	G.	PO.	Α.	E.	PC.
Ritchie, Pittsburg, Hummell, Br'klyn, Bennett, St. Louis, Huggins, Cin., Evers, Chicago, Gleason, Phila.,	151 50 153 146 152	326 115 295 341 344	439 148 447 458 441	27 13 41 44 44	.966 Strobel, Boston, .953 Strang, N. Y., .948 Alperman, Br'klyn, .948 Gilbert, N. Y., .947 Howard, Boston, .947 Sentell, Phila.,	93 59 103 98 45	181 116 245 223 88	259 173 308 324 121	25 17 35 35 15	.946 .944 .940 .940 .933 .924

THIRD BASEMEN.

			TIL	TIT	D DA	STABLEATA'					
Arndt, St. Louis,	65	108	139	9	.965 L	each, Pittsburg.	65	73	135	16	.929
Lobert, Cincinnati,	35	47	-69	5	.959 W	ard, Phila	27				.929
Steinfeldt Chicago, Sheehan, Pittsburg.	150	160	253	20	.954 C	ourtney, Phila.,					.923
Devlin, N. Y.,	149	104	166	15	.947 C	asey, Brooklyn,					.919
Hoelskoetter, St. L.,	53	68	114	11	942 D	rain, Boston, elabanty, Cin.,					.917
Phyle, St. Louis,		31	41	5	.935 S	entell, Phila.,					.837
Mowrey. Cin.,	15	20	33	4	.930		777	-		10	.001

SHORTSTOPS.

Tinker, Chicago,	147	288	472	45	.944 Bridwell, Boston.	119	322	390	54	.930
McBride, St. Louis,		194	310	30	.944 Crawford, St. L.,	39	56	108	13	.927
Wagner, Pittsburg,	137	334	473	51	.941 Lewis, Brooklyn,	135	244	393	54	.922
Corcoran, Cin., Dahlen, N. Y.,	117	263	379	40	.941 Alperman, Br'klyn,	24				.921
Hoelskoetter, St. L.,	143	287	454	49	.938 Lobert, Cin.,	31				.908
		395	480	66	.932 Meier, Pittsburg,	17	42	38	9	.899
a married	TOX	450	TOA	**	.390					

OUTFIELDERS.

Gessler, Chicago,	21	27	4	0	1000	Bresnahan, N. Y.,	40	71		2	.963	
Marshall, N. Y.,	16	19	3	0	1000	Hinchman, Cin.,	16	23	3			
Sheckard, Chicago,	149	264	13	4	000	Murray St. T.			- 6		.963	
Thomas, Phila.,	142	340			.000	Murray, St. Louis,	34	43	7	2	.962	
Magee, Phila.,			12	5	.380	Siegle, Cin.,	21	46	1	2	.959	
Luch Dhile.,	154	316	18	6	.982	Bates, Boston,	140	238	12	11	.958	
Lush, Phila.,	22	41	3	1	.978	Hummell, Br'klyn,	20	38	2	2	.952	
Himes, St. Louis,	40	7.6	10	2	.977	Smoot, St. LCin.,	145	283	18	16	.950	
Slagle, Chicago.	127	276	9	7	.976	Lumley, Br'klyn,	131	231	13	13	.949	
Hofman, Chicago.	21	38	2	7	976	Beaumont, Pitts	78	148	6	9	.944	
Schulte, Chicago,	146	218	18	6	075	Montos N V Ct I				1959		
Meier, Pittsburg,	52	73	5	9	1010	Mertes, N.YSt.L.,	124	196		14	.938	
Titus, Phila					.5(1	Strang, N. Y.,	36	57	2	4	.937	
Clarke, Pittsburg.	142	236	23	7	.974	Hallman, Pitts.,	40	40	3	3	.935	
Sommer City	110	209	15	6	.974	Browne, N. Y.,	121	153	17	12	.934	
Seymour, CinN.Y.,	151	331	17	10	.972	Burch, St. Louis,	91	155	15	12	.934	
Leach, Pittsburg,	60	131	6	4	.972	Donlin, N. Y.,	29	39	0	3	.929	
Shannon, S.LN.Y.	156	274	12	10	966	Dolan, Boston,	144	207	26		.928	
Maloney, Br'klyn,	151	355	19	13	966	McCarthy, Br'klyn,						
Kelley, Cincinnati	122	184	13	7	080	Brecartny, Br Kiyn,	86	158	13	14	.924	
Ganley, Pittsburg,	134	207			. 200	Barry, CinSt.L.,	64	85	10	8	.922	
Jude, Cincinnati,			16	8	.965	Howard, Boston,	87	119	14	13	.911	
Batch, Brooklyn.	80	95	14	4	.965	Marshall, St. Louis,	23	22	6	3	.903	
Odwall Circle	50	101	5	4	.964	Goode, Boston,	34	50	5	8	.873	
Odwell, Cincinnati,	57	94	10	4	.963	Cameron, Boston,	16	20	2	4	.852	
						A CHECKE,	7.0	200		- 4	1114	

INDIVIDUAL FIELDING-(Continued).

CATCHERS.

Name and Club.	G.	P.O.	A.	E.	T.C.	P.C.	P.B.
Bowerman, New York	67	300	80	6	386	.984	8
Kling, Chicago	96	520	126	12	658	.982	7
Moran, Chicago		335	78	9 5	422	.979	6
Peitz, Pittsburg	38	186	45		236	.979	7
Ritter, Brooklyn	53	211	61	6	278	.978	- 6
	103	485	149	15	649	.977	10
Phelps, Cincinnati-Pittsburg		231	45	7	283	.975	8
Bresnahan, New York	82	407	125	14	546	.974	16
Grady, St. Louis	57	115	67	5	187	.973	10
O'Nelll, Boston	48	259	72	10	341	.971	6
Brown, Boston	35	167	62	7	236	.970	8
Gibson, Pittsburg	81	336	73	13	422	.969	13
Marshall, New York-St. Louis	49	240	69	10	319	.969	8
Schlei. Cincinnati	91	455	139	24	618	.961	11
Livingston, Cincinnati	47	202	62	11	275	.960	4
Needham, Boston	76	317	130	19	466	.959	9
Noonan, St. Louis		118	37	. 7	162	.957	3
Raub, St. Louis		81	30	5	116	.957	1
Donovan, Philadelphia	53	222	52	13	287	.955	4
Dooin, Philadelphia	107	475	111	32	618	.948	3

RECORD OF NATIONAL LEAGUE PITCHING.

Record of those who pitched fifteen or more games, arranged according to percentage of victories.

	Ë					
	pitched					
	ğ					Fielding average.
	to				wi	95
					Ge Ge	e le
Name and Club.	100				n n	8
rame and order.	ä	80	-		p	0.5
	games	outs.	sts	00	Total chances.	fi fi
		4	SSis	Errors	E	PI
	10.	Put		L.	0	ře
Poulbest City	Z		A	3		
Reulbach, Chicago	33	17	74	2	94	.968
Brown, Chicago Leever, Pittsburg		18 11	81 52	3	101 66	.980
Lundgren, Chicago	36	10	53	1	64	.984
Pfeister, Chicago	31	21	62	7	90	.922
McGinnity, New York	45	22	105	13	140	907
Overall, Cincinnati (13)-Chicago	31	8	56	5	69	.928
Taylor, New York	31	10	54	4	68	.941
Mathewson, New York		15	90	î	106	.991
Willis, Pittsburg	41	22	117	8	147	.946
Taylor, St. Louis (17)-Chicago	34	12	95	2	109	.982
Beebe, Chicago (14)-St. Louis	34	9	54	9	72	.875
Phillippe, Pittsburg	33	5	61	3	69	.957
Wiltsie, New York	38	12	65	3	80	.963
Weimer, Cincinnati	41	18	87	4	109	.963
Scanlan, Brooklyn	38	5	50	5	60	.917
Leifield, Pittsburg	37	12	78	3	93	.968
Lush, Philadelphia		18	89	11	118	907
Ames, New York		10	66	5	81	.938
Lynch, Pittsburg		4	31 66	1	36	.972
Sparks, Philadelphia		20 19	76	3	89 96	.966
Ewing, Cincinnati	33 19	9	39	î	49	.990
Druhot, Cincinnati (4)-St. Louis Richie, Philadelphia		10	44	0	54	1.000
Pittenger, Philadelphia		7	31	2	40	.950
Stricklett, Brooklyn	41	22	128	5	155	.968
Pastorious, Brooklyn		11	56	3	70	.957
Duggleby, Philadelphia	42	14	86	5	105	.952
Young, Boston	43	27	108	8	143	.944
McIntyre, Brooklyn	39	3	78	3	84	.964
Pfeffer, Boston	35	13	91	4	108	.963
Eason, Brooklyn	34	10	71	1	82	.988
Wicker, Chicago (10)-Cincinnati	30	13	38	6	57	.895
Lindaman, Boston	39	13	85	14	112	.875
Brown, St. Louis		17	71	7	95	.926
Fraser, Cincinnati	31	23	70	4	97	.959
Karger, Pittsburg (6)-St. Louis		21	81	5	107	.953
Dorner, Cincinnati (2)-Boston	36	19	92	10	121	.917
Egan, St. Louis	10	4	30 36	1	35	.971
Thompson, St. Louis	11	1	30	1	3\$.974

RECORD OF NATIONAL LEAGUE PITCHING.

Record of those who pitched fifteen or more games, arranged according to percentage of victories.

						œ.			4		
					games		m			ies.	
Name and Club.	Hit basemen.	ses on balls.	Strike outs.	Wild pitches.	Extra-inning g	e games.	Shut-out games	Games won.	ames lost.	C. of victories.	
	H	Ba	St	M		Tie		GB	0	Pi.	
Reulbach, Chicago	13 4 7	92 61 48	94 144 76	3 2 3	0 0	1 0 0	6 9 6	19 26 22	4 6 7	.826 .813 .759	
Lundgren, Chicago	8 13 7	89 63 71	103 153 105	4 4 0	1 4 3	0 0	5 6 3	17 20 27	6 8 12	.739 .714 .692	
Overall, Cincinnati (13)-Chicago Taylor, New York Mathewson, New York	8 6 3	97 57 77	127 91 128	7 5 4	2 2 0	1 0 0	2 3 7	16 17 22	8 9 12	.667 .654 .647	
Beebe, Chicago (14)-St. Louis	5 13 14	76 86 100	124 61 171	8 0 3	3 6 3	1 0	7 3 1	23 20 15	13 12 10	.639 .625	
Treatment, Constitution of the contract of the	2 3 13	26 58 99	90 125 141	6 8 7	3 4	0 0 1	3 4 7	15 16 20	10 11 14	.600 .593 .588	
Lush, Philadelphia	6 14 16 3	127 68 119 93	120 111 151 156	3 8 7	1 2 1 2	1 0 0 1	6 8 5	18 18 18	13 13 15 10	.581 .581 .545	
Ames, New York Lynch, Pittsburg Sparks, Philadelphia Ewing, Cincinnati	8 10 2	31 62 60	48 114 145	2 2 10	1 5 6	0 1 2	0 6 2	6 19 13	5 16 14	.545 .543 .481	
Druhot, Cincinnati (4)-St. Louis Richie, Philadelphia	7 6 12	53 79 50	59 65 43	3 9 1	0 0	0 0 0	1 3 2	8 9 8	9 11 10	.471 .450 .444	
Stricklett, Brooklyn Pastorious, Brooklyn Duggleby, Philadelphia	5 3 12	77 69 66	88 58 83	3 3 3	1 1 3	0 0	5 3 5	14 10 13	18 14 19	.438 .417 .406	
Young, Boston	6 14 16	83 89 114	151 121 158	9 2 3	5 1	0 0 1	4 4 4	16 13 13	25 21 22	.390 .382 .371	
Eason, Brooklyn	9 1 11	74 65 90	64 94 115	6 4 7	0 2	0 0	3 0 2	10 9 12	17 16 23	.370 .360 .343	
Brown, St. Louis	11 8 9	112 80 52	109 58 81	12 7 3	4 3	0 0	0 2 0	8 10 7	16 20 19	.333	
Dorner, Cincinnati (2)-Boston Egan, St. Louis Thompson, St. Louis	17 2 5	107 27 25	109 23 36	4 4 6	0 1	0 0 1	0 0	8 2 2	26 9 11	.235 .182 .154	

WORLD'S CHAMPIONSHIP RULES AND REGULATIONS



Governing the Contest for the Professional Base Ball Championship of the World and games played between National and American League Clubs. Approved by the National Commission February 16, 1995, and adopted by the National and American Leagues, February 16, 1995, and amended September 22, 1905.

Agreement to Play.

Section 1. The pennant-winning club of the National League and the pennant-winning club of the American League shall meet annually in a series of games for the Professional Base Ball Championship of the world.

The Emblem and Memento.

Sec. 2. The emblem of the Professional Base Ball Championship of the World shall be a pennant, to be presented to the victorious club each year, and an appropriate memento, in the form of a button, to be presented to each player of the victorious club. Both shall be selected by the National Commission. The cost of the pennant and the buttons shall be paid by the Commission.

To be Played Under Supervision of National Commission

Sec. 3. The games shall be played under the supervision, control and direction of the National Commission.

When to be Played

Sec. 4. The event shall take place at the end of the championship season of each year. Seven games shall constitute a complete series.

Playing Rules Authorized by the National Agreement

Sec. 5. The games shall be conducted according to the playing rules as provided for by the National Agreement.

Where to be Played

Sec. 6. The National Commission shall promulgate a schedule for the event. Three games shall be scheduled in each of the cities of the contesting clubs. The Commission shall determine by lot where the first three games shall be played. In case it becomes necessary to play the seventh game to decide the event, the Commission shall determine the city in which the game is to be played.

Representatives of Contesting Clubs and Notice to Players

Sec. 7. The clubs entitled to contest for the World's Honors shall be represented by the Presidents of their respective leagues and clubs. The Secretary of the National Commission will be required to notify all the players of the contesting teams that they will be held amenable by the Commission te all rules governing base ball and will be subject to discipline regardless of contracts.

When to Terminate-Winning Club

Sec. 8. The clubs shall continue to play each day according to the authorized schedule until one of them has won four games, when the contest shall end, and the club winning shall be entitled to fly the emblem or pennant of the World's Championship during the ensuing base ball season, and the players thereof shall be permitted to wear the memento or button as long as they please.

Right to Terminate the Series

Sec. 9. The National Commission shall reserve to itself the right to terminate the series at any time that it deems the interest of base ball demands it, and to declare one of the contesting clubs the winner of the Championship regardless of previous performances.

Guarantee of Contesting Clubs

Sec. 10. Each of the clubs participating in the event shall guarantee to the National Commission in such manner as the latter may prescribe that they will faithfully carry out all of the provisions of these rules and regulations, and such others as the Commission may hereafter make to govern the games, and that they will not exercise an arbitrary right or privilege of abandoning the series until it has been completed or the Championship determined.

The Umpires

Sec. 11. There shall be two umpires, who shall be invested with the authority and discretion that the playing rules confer, and they shall observe the same general instructions with reference to maintaining order and discipline upon the ball field during these contests that govern them in the performance of their duties in all the other games in their respective leagues.

Umpires-How Selected

Sec. 12. The President of the National League and the President of the American League shall each select one umpire from their respective leagues, and the umpire so chosen shall be assigned to duty and be subject to the orders of the Chairman of the National Commission.

Compensation of Umpires

Sec. 13. The compensation of the umpires shall be fixed by the National Commission.

Expenses-How Adjusted

Sec. 14. The expenses of the National Commission pertaining to these games, the salaries of the umpires, and other miscellaneous and contingent expenses in connection therewith shall be paid out of the funds to be received by the Commission from these games. Should these funds prove insufficient for this purpose, the balance shall be paid out of the regular funds of the Commission; and should there be a surplus in these funds, it shall be credited each year to the regular funds of the Commission. All other expenses of both clubs, such as hotel bills and traveling expenses, balls, advertising, policing of grounds, ticket sellers and takers, incidentals, etc., shall be paid by the club incurring the same. Should any difference arise at any time as to the latter expense, the same shall be submitted to the Commission for adjudication, and its finding shall be conclusive.

Constitutional Rights of the Clubs

Sec. 15. Each contesting club shall preserve its constitutional rights during games played upon its own grounds with reference to the conduct of its business affairs in connection therewith, but the visiting club shall also be allowed its inherent rights and whatever representation and facilities it may require to properly protect the interests of the club and its players: Provided, however, that the captain of the home team should not be accorded the privilege to determine whether the grounds are fit. This authority will be delegated to the umpires. If they fail to

agree, the umpire whose turn it is to officiate behind the plate will decide as to the condition of the ground.

Rates of Admission

Sec. 16. The rates of admission and the conditions governing the same shall be fixed by and be under the control of the National Commission.

Division of Receipts

Sec. 17. The receipts from the games shall be divided as follows: First. Ten (10) per cent. of the gross receipts from all games shall be paid to the National Commission.

Second. Sixty (60) per cent, of the balance from the first four games shall form a pool for the players of the two teams, to be divided seventy-five (75) per cent. to the winner and twenty-five (25) per cent. to the loser of the contest.

Third. After the ten (10) per cent. deductions for the Commission, and the sixty (60) per cent, which forms the players' pool from the first four games, the balance of the gross receipts shall be divided equally between the two clubs.

Fourth. The amount to be paid into the players' pool as provided by this section shall be paid to the Commission, and the same shall be distributed to the players through the Secretary of the Commission.

Adjustment of Salaries After the Contract Season

Sec. 18. In the event that the schedule for a World's Championship series extends beyond the players' contract season, then the salaries of the players who properly belong to the contesting clubs shall continue, at the contract rate, to the end of the series of games' scheduled, although only four or more games be played.

Free List Suspended

Sec. 19. The free list shall be suspended during the contest except to representatives of the press and club officials of the two leagues.

Time of Presentation of Pennant and Buttons

Sec. 20. The pennant and buttons shall be presented to the victorious club and its players, each year, by the National Commission. which is authorized to arrange for all of the details of such presentation.

Disputes to be Settled by the Commission

Sec. 21. All questions arising out of the playing for the World's Championship not provided for herein nor covered by the playing rules shall be dealt with and decided by the National Commission.

All Clubs to Agree to these Conditions

Sec. 22. All clubs of both leagues hereby agree absolutely to conform strictly to all the articles of these rules, and in any cases not herein provided for to conform to the decisions of the National Commission.

Rules to Apply to Other Games

Sec. 23. These same rules may apply to all other games played between National and American League clubs, upon application being made to the National Commission, except as to the division of the receipts exclusive of the amount to be paid to the National Commission, which shall be mutually agreed upon between the clubs participating in such games: Provided, all players shall be paid at their contract prices for all games of this character that they are obliged to play after the expiration of their contracts.

Players to be Notified

Sec. 24. After the adoption of this Agreement by the National and American Leagues, copies of the same shall be prepared by the respective leagues and sent to the President of each club, who shall, on or before the 10th of March of each year, mail a copy to each player of his club.

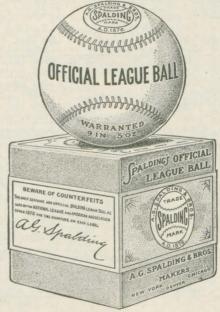
NATIONAL LEAGUE SCHEDULE—SEASON OF 1907

Conflicting dates—At Boston, Sept. 4; at New York, Aug. 27, 28, Sept. 2, 2, 3; Chicago, May 5; June 2, 23, 24, 30, Sept. 1, 8, 14, 15; at St. Louis, April 28, May 26, Sept. 8, 15, Oct. 5, 6

WHAT A BASE BALL PLAYER NEEDS



A Base Ball player needs an outfit that plays with him, not against him, and we have got to reckon in the outfit as the most important articles the Balls. Bats, Mitts and Gloves that the player uses. After that we have got to consider the uniforms and then the articles making up the equipment of the grounds.



For over thirty years A. G. Spalding & Bros. have been studying to please the athlete, to give him just what is right and what is most suitable for the sport that he is interested in. This applies not only to Base Ball goods but also to the general line of athletic equipment.

Taking up the first requisite of the Base Ball player—the ball—The Spalding Official League Ball has been used exclusively by the National League, Minor Leagues, and by all Intercollegiate and other associations for over a quarter of a century, and is beyond all question the most perfect Base Ball that has ever been produced. It is put out with an absolute guarantee to last through one continual match game without losing its shape. The price of the Spalding Official League Base Ball is \$1.25 each and it is carried in stock and sold by dealers throughout the country, a total of over 30,000 who handle the Spalding line of athletic goods.



For boys' teams, playing games that are to be recognized as official, the Spaiding No. 1B ball should be used. The price of this ball is 75 cents. This is made with horsehide cover and in every

respect is the same as the Official League Ball except that it is

slightly smaller in size.

To satisfy the demand for a high grade ball as good as any so-called "League" balls made in imitation of the Spalding Official League Ball, the No. X 'Varsity League Ball has been put out by Spalding, and the price of this ball is \$1.00 each. A new full size ball has been added to the Spalding line this season; this is the ball has been added to the Spalding line this season,; this is the Spalding No. 1A Amateur League, made with the horsehide cover and of excellent material throughout; price 75 cents. Other large size balls in the Spalding line are the No. 2, Professional, 50 cents; No. 5, King of the Diamond, 25 cents; No. 7, Boys' Favorite, 20 cents; No. 8, 10 cents. The other special balls included in the Spalding line for boys' use and slightly smaller than regulation size are No. XB, Interscholastic League, 50 cents; No. 10, High Flyer, 25 cents; No. 7B, League Junior, 25 cents; No. 14, Boys' Amateur, 15 cents; No. 9B, Boys' Lively, 10 cents; No. 13, Rocket, 5 cents. All of these Base Balls are well made. The quality of material throughout is excellent and the sewing and other details of manufacture are all attended to in our own factory under the direct supervision of expert Base Ball players through whose hands every ball passes before it is put out for use.

it is put out for use.

A Base Ball Bat in these days has got to be something more than a stick of wood whittled out by the boy himself, or a convenient broom handle sawed off to the proper length. A Spalding Base Ball Bat means a scientific article of Base Ball play; something that has had the consideration of men who know just what is required by a Base Ball player and who have had at their disposal the unequaled Base Ball player and who have had at their disposal the unequaled facilities of our manufacturing establishment to produce a bat that is just right. The demand for Base Ball bats has been so great at times as to tax to the utmost the facilities of the Spalding factory, but that has never led us to take from our drying sheds, timber not sufficiently seasoned. We have made certain in every case before a stick of timber was taken out of the drying shed that it had been properly seasoned so as to give the necessary driving power required in a Base Ball Bat that is to be just right, and then after the stick of timber has been turned over to the batmaker, who is to turn it over it weeds his eventual even and the knowledge that he has it out, it needs his practiced eye and the knowledge that he has gotten during all the years that he has been supervising the manufacture of Spalding bats to tell him just what model that particular bat should be made, to utilize to the fullest extent the good points inherent in the superb timber to which so much expense and trouble has already been attached.

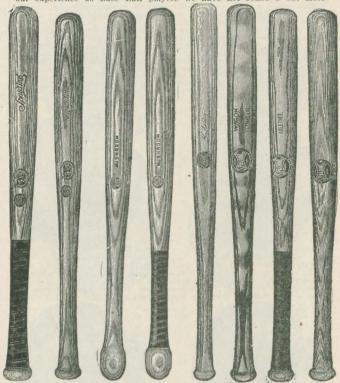
You may turn a piece of timber that is just right over to a man who does not know what is required in a Base Ball Bat, and although you show him the model of what you need, it does not follow that he will give you a bat that will be satisfactory. It needs a certain special knowledge to turn out a bat that is properly balanced. with the weight just in the right place, the grip just the right shape and the length proper, and it is this special knowledge which these batmakers have acquired through their long connection with A. G. Spalding & Bros., in turning out the superb line of Base Ball Bats which are manufactured at the Spalding bat factory.

The Snalding Gold Model Bats in man's size are made in these

Bats which are manufactured at the Spalding bat factory.

The Spalding Gold Medal Bats, in men's size, are made in three different styles, No. GM, plain, white wax finish; No. GMT, taped bat; No. GMP, professional, special dark finish. These three bats all sell at the same price, \$1.00 cach, and in the same quality is made a boy's size bat, No. GMB, the price of which is 50 cents each. The special second growth ash that goes in the Gold Medal line of bats is the choice selection of the best ash timber that can be bought anywhere at any price. The same grade of timber is used in the Spalding Mushroom Bats, of which two different styles are made. No. M. plain, special finish, and No. MT, with taped handle. The price of both of these Hushroom Bats is \$1.00 each. The knob arrangement at the end of the Spalding Mushroom Bats gives a more even distribution of weight over the whole length than is possible under the old construction, and for certain kinds of play the bat is practically invaluable. Mr. Charles A. Comiskey, President of the

Chicago American League Club, Champions of the World, says: "The Spalding Mushroom Pat receives my hearty endorsement. My experience as a ball player enables me to thoroughly appreciate its good qualities." And the following players on the Chicago National League Club, champions of the National League in 1906, F. L. Chance, John Evers, Joe Tinker, James F. Slagle and J. Kling, say: "In all our experience as Base Ball players we have not found a bat more



GOLD MEDAL BATS. MUSHROOM

TRADE MAKK BATS.

satisfactory than the Spalding Mushroom Bat." The opinion of John J. McGraw. Manager of the New York Base Ball Club, of this bat is as follows: "For a long time I have been trying to find a bat that would balance when 'choking.' Not until I used the Spalding Mushroom Bat have I found a bat that was up to my idea. This bat is used exclusively by the New York players." And William Gleason, of the Philadelphia National League Club, says: "I have played professional Base Ball for the last 15 years and have tried

all kinds of bats, but no bat has given me such good service as the

all kinds of bats, but no bat has given me such good service as the Spalding Mushroom Bat. Quality and balance are perfect."
The balance of the Spalding line of Base Ball Bats includes the "A. G. Spalding Autograph" Bat, 75 cents each; the No. 3-9. Wagon Tongue, full size bat, 50 cents; the No. 0X, Axletree, with tape-wound handle, 35 cents; the No. 2X, full size bat, 25 cents; also the following boys' size bats: No. 3X, Jumior League, 25 cents; No. 2XB, antique finish, 10 cents.

How much a Base Ball catcher owes to a properly made mitt no one but he can tell. Spalding knows, however, how to make a mitt so as to give the greatest aid to the catcher. They have studied this point for years. They are continually experimenting and they claim that the result of their study and experimenting is shown in what they consider the Spalding perfect line of Base Ball Mitts for eatchers, basemen and fielders. They spend a great amount yearly in investigating improved tanning processes, and at their factory maintain an expensive department devoted wholly to the one object of improving the construction of their goods. In every one of the Spalding mitts the best material obtainable is used. This not only applies to the leather but also to the padding, the thread in the stitching, the leather lacing thongs, and every other small detail in the manufacturing problem. the manufacturing problem.



No. 9-0



No. 8-0

This is the second season for the No. 9-0 Spalding Mitt. This style, with its patent molded face, proved a revelation to old time players when put out last season and took like wildfire. For the face of this mitt only the choicest parts of each hide are selected. The leather must be perfectly tanned, because of the peculiar stitch-



No. 7-0



No. 7-OR

Ing and the molding process which is necessary to produce a perfect "pocket" with no seams or rough places of any kind on the face. This mitt is 'padded with best felt, has steel wire lacing and a leather strap and brass buckle fastening at back. The price of the Spalding No. 9-0 Mitt is \$8.00 each. The next grade is the Spalding No. 8-0, Professional Style, with face of white buck and absolutely best grade material throughout. The price of the No. 8-0 Mitt is \$7.00 each. The Spalding No. 7-0 Mitt, which has become known



No. S-Scoop



No. 5-0

generally as the "Perfection," is \$6.00 each. It is of finest quality calfskin and has double row of stitching on heel pad. Spalding



No. OX



No. O

makes a similar mitt to the number 7-0, but of black leather and without heel pad. This is known as the Spalding No. 7 O-R, and the price is \$7.00 each.

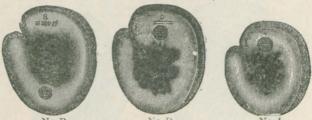


No. OA



No. A

In passing we would like to mention the new Spalding Scoop Mitt, an extra large size, combining the good points of the baseman's pattern with the size of the largest mitt now in use by catchers. The scoop is stiffened with sole leather, giving full protection to the ends of the fingers, and as there is no strain at all on the face, there is no danger of injury to the thumb. The price of the No. S Scoop Mitt is \$10,00. An old favorite is the Spalding League Mitt, No. 5-0, at \$5.00 each. This is an excellent article, well made and very



No. B No. D No. 4
popular with some of the best catchers on the big teams. The
Spalding Decker Patent Mitt, No. 0-X, costs \$3.50. This has a heavy
piece of sole leather on the back for extra protection to the hands
and fingers, and it is well made of best grade material throughout.
Other full size catchers' mitts in the Spalding line are No. 0 Mitt,



No. AB

No. AA

No. BB

\$3.00: No. 0-A Mitt, \$2.00; No. A Mitt, \$1.50: No. B Mitt, \$1.00;
No. D Mitt, \$1.60; No. 4 Mitt, 50 cents. All of these mitts are made to fit men. They are well made throughout and they all bear the broad Spalding guarantee. The line of Spalding Youths' Mitts for catchers comprises the No. A-B, which is made without heel pad



and of extra quality white buck, price \$1.00 each; the No. AA Mitt, made with patent lace back and good quality throughout, 50 cents;

the No. BB Mitt, a very popular style, 50 cents, and the No. 5 Mitt,

When it comes to a Baseman's Mitt there are a good many points to be considered that do not enter into the construction of a regular Catcher's Mitt. A Baseman's Mitt must be pliable, be of a certain size, and afford some protection. In addition to this there are certain other qualities that cannot be described exactly, but which must all enter into the construction of the Baseman's Mitt which is to be



satisfactory to the great number of players who play on the bases and want a mitt that will help their play. The Spalding line of First Basemen's Mitts we feel certain includes all of the necessary qualities and we know that basemen on the largest teams use Spalding mitts almost universally. The line includes the Spalding, No. B-X, best quality, made of choice selected and special tanned calf-



Skin, price \$4.00. Spalding makes a similar mitt of black leather. This is the No. BXR, the price of which is also \$4.00. Both of these mitts have the double row of stitching on heel pad and strapand-buckle fastening at back. The No. BXS is made without the heel pad, but is otherwise similar to the No. BX, and the price is the same. A First Baseman's Mitt, made of drab leather and along the lines of the better grade styles, is the No. CX, the price of



which is \$2.00. The next Mitt is No. DX, at \$1.50, and an excellent First Baseman's Mitt for boys is the Spalding No. EX, at \$1.00.

Of Fielders' Mitts Spalding makes a comprehensive line. These differ in style from both the Basemen's and Catchers' mitts, incorporating in themselves special features which make them particularly attractive to Base Ball players in the field. The best grade Spalding Fielder's Mitt is the No. 3C, made of molded brown calfskin, leather



No. 6X.



No. 7X.

lined, and strap-and-buckle fastening at back. The price of the No. 3C is \$3.00 each. A similar style of Mitt, but made of black leather, is the Spalding No. 3XR, at \$3.00, and on the same model, but made of white tanned buckskin, the Spalding No. 3X at \$3.00. A very satisfactory style of Fielder's Mitt, of drab leather, is the



No. PX.



No. RX.



No. 2X.

Spalding No. 4X, at \$2.00, and a very popular style the No. 5X, at \$1.00. Two different styles of Fielder's Mitts are made for boys; No. 6X, of brown cape leather, at 50 cents, and No. 7X, of special tanned leather, at 25 cents.



No. 2XS



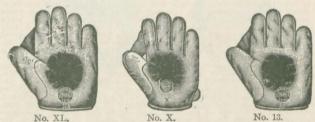
No. AX.



No. XS

Gloves must fit and they must feel comfortable, no matter whether they are made for wasking, driving, or Base Ball. It is not sufficient to simply sew two pieces of leather together in the shape of a man's hand and put it out as a glove. This is especially true with a Base Ball Glove. A man may wear a glove that is not suited to his hand, but he cannot play Base Ball to the best of his

ability if the glove he is wearing is not properly made. Thirty years' experience in the manufacture of everything relating to the game of Base Ball has given Spalding an expert knowledge that no money can buy. The training that the people in the Spalding factorics has obtained during the time they have been turning out



Spalding Athletic Goods is worth more to the Base Ball player who purchases the Spalding article than could be possibly charged for the article itself. It represents a part of the value of the Spalding trade-mark and another part of that value is contained in the broad



Spalding Guarantee which is given with every article of Spalding manufacture, a guarantee that is broader, we believe, than that given by any manufacturer in any line of goods. Spalding guarantees that their goods will give satisfaction,—not only that they will look right



when they are purchased, but that they will be right when they are put in use and that they will stay right while they are being used. A guarantee as broad as this represents a good many dollars to a Base Ball team in the course of the season and it should be considered when it comes to purchasing the outfits for the team, es-

pecially when it is remembered that it costs nothing extra. The line of Spalding Infielders' Gloves comprises styles suitable for every class of player. The best glove turned out is the Spalding No. PX. Professional Style, at \$3.00. This is made up on lines suggested by prominent professional players, and the buckskin used in its construction is the finest Spalding has been able to obtain anywhere. It is heavily padded around edges and extending well up into the little finger with fine quality felt. It has no heel pad, but is made extra long to protect the wrist. A similar glove, but made of black leather, is the Spalding No. RX, price of which is \$3.00. A very popular style which has retained its popularity during the great many years that we have been manufacturing it is the No. 2X Infielder's Glove, the price of which is \$2.50. Spalding makes a special professional style glove, No. 2XS, at \$2.50. A popular price glove in the professional style is the Spalding No. XL, at \$1.50, and with heel pad made of white tanned leather. The Spalding No. XS, at \$2.00, is very good value. The other full size gloves in the Spalding line are the No. X, at \$1.50; No. 13, at \$1.00; No. 15L, at \$1.50; No. 12, at 75 cents; No. 16, at 50 cents. Included in the Spalding line are a number of gloves of youths' size, which are well made of the same material as that used in the men's gloves, but made in the proper size and in the correct shape for youths and boys. These are the No. PXB Glove, similar in every way to the No. PX best men's glove, but in boy's size. The PXB costs \$2.00 each. The next grade is the No. XB, in boy's size, similar in quality to the No. X. The No. XB costs \$1.00. A special professional style boy's glove at a popular price is the No. 14, which costs 50 cents, and the cheapest boy's glove is the No. 19, at 25 cents.



When it comes to a Base Ball Mask catchers require an article that will give full protection, that will not be too heavy and that will feel comfortable when they are wearing it. Spalding has studied out the requirements of the Base Ball catcher in this particular thoroughly and we know that the Spalding line of Base Ball Masks comprises styles that are right in every necessary requisite. The best grade made by Spalding is the No. 4-0. Sun Protecting Mask, the style that is used by practically all of the big League catchers. The price of the No. 4-0 is \$4.00. It has the patent sunshade which protects the eyes without obstructing the view, and is strongly made of best material throughout. The next style, No. 3-0, is very popular, and it affords absolute protection to the neck without interfering in the slightest with free movements. The No. 3-0 costs \$3.00 each. A very popular style with catchers on big teams is the Spalding No. 2-0, at \$2.50 and the No. 0X, black enameled, at \$2.00, and No. 0, bright wire, at \$1.50. A popular priced mask is the Spalding No. A, full size and substantially made. The price of the No. A is \$1.00 and a cheaper priced full size mask is the No. L, at 75 cents. In boys' masks Spalding makes three

different styles, No. B. bright wire, very strongly made, costs \$1.00; No. C, well padded, 50 cents, and No. D, of bright wire, 25 cents.



No. 0.



No. L.

Spalding has added to the line of Base Ball Masks this season a special style for umpires. A mask for umpires has become an extremely necessary part of their equipment and the new Spalding style combines the most desirable features of the best catchers' This mask

masks with the special points necessary for the umpire. has a special ear protection, is well padded, and on the whole is the safest mask that has been made so far, while at the same time it is no heavier in weight than the regular catcher's style. This is the Spalding No. 5-0, cost of which is \$5.00 each.





No. C. No. D.

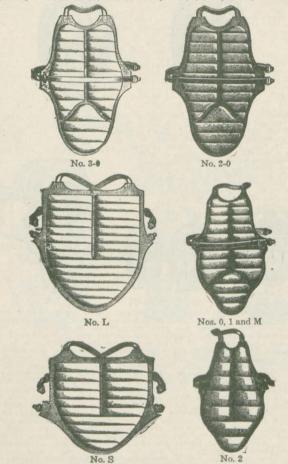


No. 5-0.

No. 6. No. 0. No. 0. No. 0. No. 0. Spalding was the first to introduce an inflated body protector made under the Gray Patent and the method used when the first Spalding Protector was put out has been retained up to the present, with some improvements which add to the comfort and convenience of the catcher. The number of styles is greater than ever before in the Spalding line now, offering a wide range for selection. The Spalding body protectors are No. 3-0, large size, glying full protection, 88.00 each; No. 2-0, large size, 86.00; No. 0, the popular League style. \$5.00 each; No. 1, Amateur style, \$4.00 each; No. M. Interscholastic style and full size, \$3.00 each; No. 2, youth's size. \$2.50 each. Spalding also makes two different styles of umpire body protectors. All of the umpire body protectors are made un specially to suit the All of the umpire body protectors are made up specially to suit the All of the umpire body protectors are made up specially to suit the individual wishes of the umpire and it is necessary when ordering to state how long the protector is to be made and how wide. It is also well, if possible, to send a paper diagram showing the exact size, so as to make certain of a proper fit. The two styles of umpire body protectors that Spalding puts out this season are the No. L. large size, at \$10.00, and the No. S. small size, at the same price, \$10.00.

A Base Ball team really considering their reputation should not rest when they have fitted up the individual players properly, but the ground should be properly equipped, and to do this there is no way more certain than to purchase Spalding equipment. The bases

should be considered first and of these Spalding makes three different styles: No. 0, of extra quality canvas and quilted, cost \$6.00 per set of three: No. 1. not quilted, \$5.00 per set, and No. 2,



also of canvas. \$3.50 per set. In the home plates Spalding has two different styles, both of the proper shape and size, in accordance with league regulations, and the best quality is the No. 1, made of

extra fine white rubber. The price of the No. 1 Home Plate is \$9.00 extra fine white rubber. The price of the No. 1 Home Plate is \$9.00 each. Spalding also has a very durable style of home plate made of composition, regulation size and shape. This is the No. C, which costs \$5.00 complete with pins. In the Pitcher's Box Plates Spalding has the regulation size, made of white rubber complete with pins. This is the No. 3, at \$7.00 each. Foul Flags made of bunting, 18x24 inches, in any color and with one letter stitched on each side, complete with 7-foot spearhead staff, cost \$1.50 each. When it comes to Shoe Plates the same players that use Spalding shoes recognize the value that there is in Spalding Shoe Plates. They are well made, of the very best material, and will give excellent satisfaction. The styles furnished by Spalding are the No. 3-0 and No. 4-0, toe and heel plates, respectively, of razor steel, sharpened, which cost 50 cents per pair. The No. 0 and No. 2-0 toe and heel plates, respectively, made of hardened steel, sharpened, at 25 cents per pair, and the No. 1 and No. 14, toe and heel plates, respectively, of good quality steel, sharpened, at 10 cents per pair. Then Spalding has the Pitcher's Toe Plates, No. A, made of aluminum, at 25 cents.

Starting on their trip, or even if they have no traveling to do, it is generally necessary for a Base Ball team to have a bag in which the equipment of bats may be carried and in the Spalding line will be found bat bags to meet their requirements. The No. 2 style will hold twelve bats, made of heavy waterproof canvas and leather reinforced, costs \$3.50 each. The No. 3 style, similar to the No. 2, but to hold only six bats, costs \$2.00 each, For League clubs particularly and for clubs having a schedule requiring any amount of traveling, Spalding has a special club bat bag of heavy leather with Spalding also has a very durable style of home plate made mostion, regulation size and shape. This is the No. C, which

No. 2, but to note only six bats, costs \$2.00 each. For League clubs particularly and for clubs having a schedule requiring any amount of traveling, Spalding has a special club bat bag of heavy leather with galvanized iron ends, No. 7, the price of which is \$30.00. This bag holds three dozen full size bats and it is made so strong that it is absolutely unbreakable, making certain that the bats and the bag will reach their destination safely, no matter how the bag is handled. Individual players sometimes need bat bags for their own particular bett and Sanding make three each bag of belighted by heavy. No fit Individual players sometimes need bat bags for their own particular bats and Spalding makes three styles of individual bat bags, No. 01, of sole leather, to hold two bats, cost \$4.00; No. 02, of heavy water-proof canvas, with leather cap at both ends, cost \$1.50, and No. 03, with leather cap at one end, cost \$1.00. The No. 5 combined uniform and bat bag is a popular style. It will hold a complete uniform and has a compartment also to carry one bat. It is made of best canvas and costs \$3.50. An individual uniform bag that is a very convenient shape and is popular, with many players is the Spalding No. 4, at \$2.50, made of best quality white canvas with two leather handles and strap-and-buckle fastenings. The roll form of uniform bag is the style that enables a player to carry his uniform without wrinkling it. Spalding makes two styles of uniform bags in this form; No. 1, of best canvas, costs \$3.00, and No. 2, of fine bag leather, costs \$6.00. leather, costs \$6.00.

leather, costs \$6.00.

Score books are made in a great variety of styles, but a club that wishes to keep the record of their games in proper shape purchases a Spalding score book, which is the same as used by the official reporters, and are the most convenient and simplest for general use. Club size, with board covers, No. 4, for 30 games, costs \$1.00; No. 5, with cloth cover, for 60 games, costs \$1.50; and the No. 7, with cloth cover, for 160 games, costs \$3.00. In pocket size, the No. 2, with board cover, for 22 games, costs 25 cents, and the No. 1, with paper covers, for 7 games, costs 10 cents. Score cards cost 25 cents per dozen. For the umpire a very necessary article is a celluloid indicator, by which he can keep a record, without any trouble, of the balls and strikes. The Spalding Umpire Indicator No. 0 costs 50 cents and is substantially made and is endorsed and used by all League umpires. For ordinary scoring another simple device is the Spalding Scoring Tablet, made of celluloid, and of a size so that it can be carried in the vest pocket. The Spalding Scoring Tablet No. 1 costs 25 cents.

costs 25 cents.

WHAT A BASE BALL PLAYER SHOULD WEAR



A Base Ball player, in the eyes of the spectators at most games, is a hero. They would all like to be able to play as well as he does. is a nero. They would all like to be able to play as well as he does. He seems to possess in their eyes attributes that are different from the ordinary run of men. Is it not well, therefore, that this man, who is regarded as a hero, should appear before those who admire him in the best possible manner? He can only do so if he has on a next uniform and is equipped as a Base Ball player should be: in an outfit that is entirely for the game, he is playing. After the every outfit that is suitable for the game he is playing. After the emera-ence of thirty years and over in catering to Base Ball players, Spalding knows pretty accurately what they require, and that is why newly organized teams go there in ever-increasing numbers to ask for advice as to the outfit that they should purchase. Spalding does not recommend to a young team an expensive outfit that would be suitable for a team on one of the big leagues. Spalding has outfits to suit teams connected with the prominent leagues, outfits for school and college teams, outfits for the semi-professional clubs, and still other outfits for the ordinary amateur clubs, and for the club composed of young boys who are ambitious to make as good a showing as possible and yet are not able to purchase the higher-priced uniforms. In fact, this season Spalding has gotten up a special Boy's Uniform that you will find listed in the Spalding Catalogue at \$1.00 each. It would not be possible to furnish it at this price if it were not on account of the unequaled Spalding factory facilities.

of the unequaled Spalding factory facilities.

The best grade Spalding Uniform is the No. 0, which sells complete in single uniforms for \$15.00, but where clubs purchase an entire outfit at one time the price is \$12.50 per suit. No extra charge is made for lettering shirts with name of club nor for detachable sleeves, and string stockings in strate calors are furnished at a cover selection. made for lettering shirts with name of club nor for detachable sleeves, and striped stockings in stock colors are furnished at no extra charge, if preferred instead of plain stockings. If special colors are required in these striped stockings, however, an extra charge of 25 cents per pair is made, to cover the extra expense. This highest grade uniform is furnished in thirteen different colors, including three special paterns which have been added to the line this season, and which are different from anything ever used before in a Base Ball Uniform. These special patterns include a very handsome red stripe, a green stripe and an attractive navy blue check. The regular line of, plain colors include the following ten patterns, which are similar to those Spalding has been furnishing in this grade uniform for the past Spalding has been furnishing in this grade uniform for the past

For years.

The next uniform in the Spalding line is similar to the No. 0, but lighter in weight, and is furnished in the same thirteen colors. This is the University Uniform, No. 1, price of which in single suits is \$12.50 each, and when purchased at one time for a complete club

outfit, sine players or more, the price is \$10.00 per suit.

The next grade uniform is the Interscholastic Uniform, No. 2, in which the three new patterns are not furnished, only the ten plain No. 1. The price for this uniform complete, purchased singly, is \$10.00 each, and for a complete club outfit, nine uniforms or more,

the price is \$8.00 each. No extra charge for lettering shirts with name of club nor for detachable sleeves will be made on either the No. 1 or No. 2 grade uniforms, and striped stockings in stock colors will be furnished at no extra charge. Where special colors in striped stockings are required, an extra charge for same on an order for an entire team will be 25 cents per pair, to cover expense of getting out the special color.

Spalding has on hand a special flannel, royal purple, dyed particularly for teams connected with the Order of Eliks, and while it is not recommended that this be made up in solid color in suits, still it makes a beautiful combination as trimming on white flannel, and uniforms in the No. 1 and No. 2 qualities only can be trimmed with

this purple trimming at no extra charge,

For the past season Spalding has been furnishing to some of the more prominent of the minor league teams on special order a heavy more prominent of the minor league teams on special order a heavy weight uniform made of very durable material and in attractive colors. The demand was increasing so much for this uniform that this senson it is added to the regular line, and this is now known as the No. M Minor League Uniform. The price for single uniforms \$8,9.00 each, and to clubs ordering for the entire team the price is \$7.50 each. The uniform is furnished in four different colors: Navy Blue, Pearl Gray, Dark Gray and White only. No extra charge is made for lettering shirts with name of club nor for detachable sleeves and striped stockings in stock colors will be furnished at no extra charge, and for any special colors on an order for an entire team the extra charge for striped stockings will be 25 cents per pair.

For amateur teams we recommend particularly the Spalding "Club

For amateur teams we recommend particularly the Spalding "Club Special," No. 3, Uniform, the price of which in single uniforms is \$6.00 per suit, and the net price to clubs ordering for an entire team, \$5.00 per suit. This uniform is furnished in five different colors: White, Blue Gray, Maroon, Navy Blue and Brown Gray, No extra charge will be made for lettering shirts with name of club nor for detachable sleeves, and striped stockings in stock colors will be furnished at no extra charge, if desired. Special colored striped stockings on team outfits will be charged for extra at 25 cents per

stockings on team outhts will be charged for extra at 25 cents per pair, to cover cost of special striping.

For the younger Base Ball players we recommend particularly the "Amateur Special" Uniform, No. 4, the price of which in single outfits is \$5.00 per suit, and to clubs ordering for an entire team, \$4.00 per suit. This uniform is furnished in six different colors: White, Light Gray, Maroon, Navy Blue and Green. No extra charge is made for lettering shirts with name of club nor for detachable sleeves, and striped stockings will be furnished in stock colors only, at no extra charge, but no special striped stockings will be furnished with this

A cheaper grade uniform for youths is the Spalding "Junior," No. 5. furnished in four colors: Maroon, Green, Blue Gray and Brown Mixed, and the price of which in single outfits is \$4.00 per suit, and to clubs ordering nine or more uniforms, \$3.00 per suit. No extra charge for lettering shirts with name of club nor for detachable sleeves, and with this uniform also striped stockings in stock colors only will be furnished at no extra charge, but no striped stockings will be furnished.

nished except in stock colors.

The special uniform that has been gotten up this season by Spalding for the younger players is the No. 6 quality, made of gray material, but in no larger sizes than 30-inch waist and 34-inch chest. The price of this uniform is \$1.00, including shirt, button front, with The price of this uniform is \$1.00, including sairt, outfor front, with one felt letter on front, padded pants, peak cap, web belt with metal buckle, and either plain or striped stockings in stock colors only. With such a uniform there is really no excuse for any club not to be fitted out complete, for the price is well within the reach of the pocketbook of practically any Base Ball player or team.

Base Ball players are coming to use more and more double-breasted coats and vest-shaped sweaters. They add a good deal to the appearance of a Base Ball outfit. Spalding makes double-breasted coats in four different qualities to match the four best grades of Spalding Uniforms. The No. 0 quality coats cost, singly, \$10.50, or with set of

uniforms of nine or more coats at one time, the special club price is \$9.50 each. In the No. 1 quality, price of the single coat is \$10.00, or to clubs purchasing with uniforms or with nine or more coats at one time \$9.00. The No. 2 quality, singly, costs \$8.50, or with set of uniforms or nine or more coats at one time the price is \$7.50 each. The No. M quality, purchased singly, costs \$8.25 each, or with set of uniforms or when purchasing nine or more coats at one time the price is \$7.50 each. is \$7.50 each.



No. O.



No. VG.

The Spalding Vest Sweater, No. VG, is very popular with Base Ball players. It is made of best quality worsted, heavy weight, with pearl buttons, and is furnished in Gray or White only. Special trimmed edging and cuffs in stock colors will be supplied on this sweater at no extra charge. The price for the No. VG sweater is \$6.00 each. From time to time it is necessary for players to purchase Base Ball Shirts and Pants separately. The prices for Spalding Base Ball Shirts lettered with name of club and with detachable sleeves if

desired, are as follows: No. 0, best quality, \$6.00 each; No. 1. University style, \$5.00 each; No. 2, Interscholastic, \$4.00 each; No. 3, Club Special, \$2.50 each; No. 4, Amateur Special, \$2.00 each; No. 5, Junior Shirt, \$1.50 each.

Junior Shirt, \$1.50 each.

The prices for the Base Ball Pants purchased separately are as follows: No. 0 quality, \$6.00 per pair; No. 1, University style, \$5.00 per pair; No. 2, Interscholastic, \$3.75 per pair; No. 3, Club Special, \$2.50 per pair; No. 4. Amateur Special, \$2.00 per pair; No. 5, Junior Pants, \$1.50 per pair.

When it comes to Base Ball Sples there is really no part of the

outfit to which greater care should be devoted than in making the proper selection. If the shoes are not right the player will not be





30S.

comfortable and he will not play his best game. Spalding has decomfortable and he will not play his best game. Spaiding has devoted no end of time and trouble to working out shoes that are absolutely right for the Base Ball player. In the Spalding highest grade there are three different styles, from which the most critical player may be certain to select shoes that will answer his particular requirements. The Spalding No. 2-0 Shoes have been known as the "Spalding Highest Quality" for years past, and they well deserve

that title. This shoe is made of specially selected Kangaroo leather, and it is a strictly bench-made shoe; that is, it is made by an expert cobbler, all hand work, and as well made as it is possible to make. The plates used on this shoe are of the finest forged razor steel and they are firmly riveted to hold the sole. In every detail this shoe is absolutely best. From the fact that it is worn by the players of all the big league teams is pretty good evidence that it is made right. The "Spalding Highest Quality" Base Ball Shoe is known as the No. 2-0, and the price is \$7.00 per pair.



Some time back Spalding got up specially for prominent league players a Sprinting Base Ball Shoe. For this the famous Spalding Running Shoe last, from which the shoes have been made for all the famous sprinters, is used. The element of strength is not sacrificed. however, and the Spalding No. 308, while extremely light in weight, will be found substantial in construction. It is hand sewed throughout and is strictly a bench-made shoe, made by expert cobblers in the Spalding factory. The Spalding No. 308 Shoe costs \$7.00 per pair.

pair.
Two seasons ago there was a demand for even lighter weight Sprinting Shoes than the No. 30S, and after considerable experimenting, the Spalding "Feather Weight" Base Ball Shoe, No. FW, which is the lightest Base Ball Shoe ever made, was gotten up. To give an idea as to the lightness of this shoe, we note below the weight of five of the principal sizes: Size 5 weighs 17 ounces to the pair; Size 6 weighs 17 1-2 ounces; Size 7 weighs 18 ounces; Size 8 weighs 19 ounces; Size 9 weighs 20 ounces. Owing to the lightness and fineness of its construction, it is suitable for the exacting demands



of the fastest players and is not intended for general use or for the ordinary player. This shoe is the same as the other two styles in the Spalding highest grade and it is a strictly bench-made shoe. It costs \$7.00 per pair.

For the Base Ball player who requires a shoe that is right and at

For the Base Ball player who requires a shoe that is right and at a fair price, we recommend the Spalding Club Special Shoe, No. 0, the price of which is \$5.00 per pair. It is made of selected calf-skin, well and substantially made, and is a first-class shoe in every particular. We also recommend the Spalding No. 35 Shoe, at \$4.00

per pair. This is made of a good quality calfskin, machine sewed, and is a durable shoe. The Spalding "Junior" Shoe, No. 37, is 2 leather shoe; the price is \$2.50 per pair. It is not guaranteed, but is good value for \$2.50,

Ankle Supporters which are worn by some of the best Base Ball players are furnished by Spalding in three different styles. They can be worn either over or under stocking, and support the ankle without interfering with free movements. They relieve pain immediately and cure the pain in a remarkably short time. The No. H Ankle Supporter, made of soft tanned leather, best quality, costs \$1.00 per pair. No. SH, made of sheepskin, costs 50 cents per pair, and No. CH, made of black duck, costs 25 cents per pair.

Every necessary article for the Base Ball player will be found listed in the Spalding Base Ball Catalogue, a copy of which will be sent on application to any Spalding Store, free of charge. Such Base Ball players as are interested also in other athletic sports, should Ball players as are interested also in other athletic sports, should Ankle Supporters which are worn by some of the best Base Ball

sent of application to any spatialing Store, free of charge. Such Base Ball players as are interested also in other athletic sports, should mention this fact when they write for a copy of the Spalding Catalogue, so that they may receive all of the catalogues that they are interested in. The Spalding Catalogues that will be issued for the Spring and Summer season of 1907 are:

Base Ball Catalogue Catalogue and Spring and Summer season of 1907 are:

Base Ball Catalogue-Containing cuts, descriptions and price of the Base Ball Catalogue—Containing cuts, descriptions and price of the complete line of Spalding Base Ball Goods. This is a very handsome catalogue printed in two colors, and should be in the possession of every Base Ball player. Spalding Lawn Tennis Catalogue—Containing cuts, description and prices of the complete line of Spalding Lawn Tennis Goods. Spalding Golf Catalogue—Containing cuts, description and prices of Spalding Golf Goods, Sticks, Balls and other accessories for the game. Spalding Catalogue of Lawn Games—The most complete list issued of the equipment for Cricket, Croquet, Lawn Bowls, Field Hockey, Archery, Equestrian Polo, etc. Be sure to mention when you send to Spalding for a catalogue just what athletic sport you are interested in, so that the proper catalogue may be sent to you. sent to you.

sent to you.

Managers and Captains of Base Ball teams who desire to place an order for a complete club outfit, should not fail to consult the nearest Spalding store, for the expert knowledge which it is possible for A. G. Spalding & Bros. to place at the disposal of the new Base Ball manager or captain, is worth a good deal when it comes to selecting a suitable outfit for the team.

A special colored sheet showing the full line of patterns of material furnished in all grades of the Spalding Uniforms, will be sent on request to any Base Ball Team Manager or Captain, and with it a special measurement blank for the team.

The list of Smalding stores with this addresses is as follows:

The list of Spalding stores, with their addresses is as follows: New York City—126-128 Nassau Street and 29-33 West 42d Street. Philadelphia—1013 Filbert Street. Boston, Mass.—73 Federal Street.

Boston, Mass.—73 Federal Street,
Baltimore, Md.—208 East Baltimore Street,
Buffalo, N. Y.—611 Main Street,
Pittsburg, Pa.—439 Wood Street,
Washington, D. C.—709 14th Street, N. W. (Colorado Building),
Syracuse, N. Y.—University Block,
Chicago—147-149 Wabash Avenue,
San Francisco Col. 171 (Days Street)

San Francisco, Cal.—134 Geary Street. Denver, Col.-1616 Arapahoe Street.

Dehver, Col.—1616 Arapanoe Street.
St. Louis, Mo.—710 Pine Street.
St. Louis, Mo.—1111 Walnut Street.
Kansas City, Mo.—1111 Walnut Street.
Cincinnati, O.—Fountain Square, 27 East Fifth Street.
Minneapolis, Minn.—507 Second Avenue, South.
New Orleans, La.—140 Carondelet Street.
Detroit—254 Woodward Avenue.
Cleveland—741 Enelld Avenue.

Cleveland—741 Euclid Avenue. Montreal, Can.—443 St. James Street. London, Eng.—53, 54, 55 Fetter Lane.

Communications directed to A. G. Spalding & Bros., at any one of the above addresses, will receive prompt attention.

Spalding Catalogues of Athletic Goods

We are issuing new catalogues continually throughout the entire year. Catalogues containing all information, cuts, description and prices of the full equipment for the particular athletic sport covered by each catalogue.

We charge nothing for these catalogues and we mail them free on request to any address. The first issues, however, are always sent to those that we have on our records here, and as there are generally many new things contained in these catalogues which are particularly interesting to athletes—every athlete and everyone interested in athletic goods should be on this record of ours. It is only necessary to send your name and address and state just what athletic sports you are interested in, and copies of our catalogues will be mailed to you as they are issued.

Spalding Catalogues for Spring and Summer, 1907 No. 707B—Catalogue of Base Ball Goods

A handsome catalogue printed in two colors. Containing cuts, descriptions and prices of the Spalding complete line of Base Ball Goods, including base balls, bats, catchers', fielders' and basemen's mitts, infielders' gloves, catchers' and umpires' masks and protectors, bat and uniform bags, bases, home plates, pitchers' box plates, shoe and pitchers' toe plates, score books and scoring tablets, umpire indicators and foul flags,

—and—

Spalding Base Ball Uniforms, shirts, pants, caps, shoes, belts, stockings, coats, sweaters; also full descriptions of all the various athletic libraries we issue devoted to base ball.

No. 707T-Lawn Tennis Catalogue

Containing cuts, descriptions and prices of the Spalding complete line of Lawn Tennis Goods; also Squash and Squash Racquet Goods, including rackets, balls, nets, posts, markers, marking tapes and plates, racket presses and covers, handle covers, center forks, center straps, guy ropes and pegs, reels, tether tennis and score books.

No. 707G-Golf Catalogue

Containing cuts, descriptions and prices of the Spalding complete line of Golf Goods, including wood and iron clubs, aluminum clubs, rubber cored golf balls, caddy bags, gloves, marking flags and discs, hole rims and cutters, golf paint, ball cleaners, tees, score books and counters, clock golf and golfette.

No. 707L-Catalogue of Lawn Cames

Cricket, Croquet, Lawn Bowls, Archery, Field Hockey, Equestrian Polo. Containing cuts, descriptions and prices of the Spalding complete line of Athletic Goods devoted to these sports and games, -and-

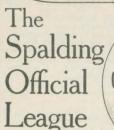
Particularly interesting as containing our new line of cricket goods selected personally by Tom Hayward, acknowledged the champion cricketer of the world.

No. 707U-Catalogue of Uniform Goods

Containing cuts, descriptions and prices of the Spalding complete line of Uniform Goods for all Athletic Sports, including Base Ball, Foot Ball, Basket Ball, Running, Gymnasium, Bathing, Swimming and Field Athletic Suits; shoes, built especially for each athletic sport, athletic hats and caps, jerseys, sweaters, stockings, supporters, belts, shin guards and everything else needed in an athletic equipment, —and—

We issue separately and will send upon application a copy of our handsome color sheet showing the various shades of material that we furnish in our base ball uniforms. A blank for measuring team and a tape measure is included with this for the convenience of teams when making up their orders.

Copies of any of the above catalogues will be mailed upon application, from any of our stores, addresses of which are on inside of front cover



Ball

Used exclusively by the National League, and by all Intercollegiate and other Associations for over a quarter of a century. Each ball wrapped in tinfoil and



put in a separate box, and sealed in accordance with the regulations of the National League and American Association. Warranted to last a full game when used under ordinary conditions.

No. 1. - - Each, \$1.25

THE SPALDING OFFICIAL LEAGUE BALL FOR BOYS

Made with horsehide cover, and in every respect same

as our Official League Ball, except slightly smaller in size. Especially designed for junior clubs (composed of boys under 16 years of age), and all games in which this ball is used will be recognized as legal games. Warranted to last a full game.

No. 1B. - - Each, 75c.

A. C. SPALDING & BROS.

Send for Complete Catalogue of all Athletic Sports.

Stores in all large cities. See inside cover page of this book.

SPALDING OFFICIAL LEAGUE BALL

Is the Standard of the World

It is the Original League Ball
It is the Official League Ball

It is the Universally Adopted League Ball

It is the Best League Ball

It has been formally adopted as the Official Ball of

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE FOR 30 YEARS

It has also been adopted as the Official Ball for all Championship

Games by the following Professional Leagues:

EASTERN LEAGUE for 20 years NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE for 20 years NORTHERN LEAGUE for 5 years TEXAS LEAGUE for 13 years WESTERN ASSOCIATION for 11 years CALIFORNIA LEAGUE for 10 years INTER-STATE LEAGUE for 9 years, NEW YORK STATE LEAGUE for 11 years CENTRAL LEAGUE for 5 years SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE for 5 years INDIANA, ILLINOIS and IOWA LEAGUE for 7 years

And by 22 other Professional Leagues that have adopted the Spalding League Ball from 1 to 4 years.

THE Spalding League Ball was first adopted by the National League in 1878, and is the only ball that has been used in Championship League Games since that time. In the recent great World's Championship Games in Chicago between the Chicago Nationals and the Chicago Americans the Spalding League Ball was used.

IN addition to the different American adoptions, the Spalding Official League Ball has been made the official ball by the governing Base Ball Associations of Mexico, Cuba, Canada, Australia, South Africa, Great Britain, Philippine Islands, Japan, and, in fact, wherever Base Ball is played. The Spalding League Ball has received this universal adoption because of its well established reputation for uniformity and high quality, but the special object of such adoptions, from the players' standpoint, is to secure absolute uniformity in a ball, that will prevent unfair 'fjockeying' with an unknown ball, and make National and International Base Ball contests possible, and at the same time make the records of players of value, and uniform throughout the world, which can only be secured by standardizing one well known ball.

The Spalding Official League Ball is used by Yale, Harvard, Princeton and all prominent

college teams. The soldiers and sailors in the United States Army and Navy use it exclusively. In fact, the Spalding League Ball is in universal use wherever Base Ball is played.

Once in a while a minor league will experiment for a short time with some other ball, but invariably returns to the Spalding

League Ball, which has now become universally recognized The Standard of the World

A. G. SPALDING & BROS.

Send for Complete Catalogue of all Athletic Sports.

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Spalding Mushroom Bat

N this bat a principle has been utilized which makes it many times more effective than the ordiand as an all-around bat we have received many letters from preminent professional players testifying points in its construction. They say: "Both balance and model are perfect," and we know that both these points of construction have been brought as near to perfection to their appreciation of the good as it is possible for human ingenuity

THE knob arrangement at the end of the bat enables us to get a more even distribution of weight over the whole length than is possible under the old con-struction, and for certain kinds of play the bat is practically fn-valuable. It is this feature which sition for any player anxious to appeals to the up-to-date player, mend it, the bat would be an acquiest quality of air-dried timber has ested by an expert before leaving make a good record. Only the very een used and every one is carefully

WE recommend it heartily to bination of good qualities which it possesses something which they have sought for in vain elsewhereour customers, feeling certain that they will find in the com-

Mushroom Plain Bat, Special Finish. Each, \$1.00 Mushroom Taped Bat, Taped Handle. ... 1.00 a perfect bat. No. M.

1.00

What Leading Players Say of

The Spalding Mushroom Bat reexperience as a ball player enables me to thoroughly appreciate its the Spalding Mushroom Bat good qualities.

President Chicago American League Club, Champions of the World, CHÁS, A. COMISKEY.

In all our experience as base ball players we have not found a bat F. L. CHANCE JAMES F. SLAGLE more satisfactory than the Spalding JOHN EVERS J. KLING Mushroom Bat.

Chambions of the National League, 1926,

ing to find a bat that would balance when choking. Not until I used the Spalding Mushroom Bat have I For a long time I have been tryfound a bat that was up to my idea. This hat is used exclusively by the New York players.

JOHN J. McGRAW,

bat has given me such good service as the Syalding Mushroom Bat. Quality and balance are perfect. I have played professional base ball for the last fifteen years and have tried all kinds of buts, but no

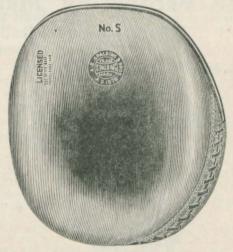
WM. GLEASON,

Philadelphia National Logue Clyb.

THE SPALDING "SCOOP" MITT

(PATENTED MAY 8, 1906)

(REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.)



N entirely new idea in a catchers' mitt, bringing together the good points of the baseman's pattern with the size of the largest mitt now in use by catchers. The "scoop" is stiffened with sole leather, giving full protection to the ends of the fingers, and on account of the arrangement of the face there is no danger of injury to thumb. The combination of good qualities which it possesses will undoubtedly prove attractive to those who desire a mitt that is at the same time the safest style and the most satisfactory.

MADE IN RIGHTS AND LEFTS

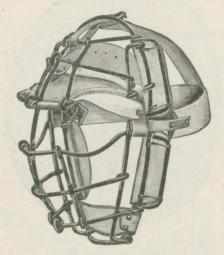
No. S. The Spalding * Scoop " Mitt (Patented)

Each, \$10.00

A. C. SPALDING & BROS.

Send for Complete Catalogue of Stores in all large cities, all Athletic Sports. See inside cover page of this book.

Spalding Sun Protecting Mask



THIS mask is used by practically all catchers on league, college and semiprofessional teams. The patent sunshade protects the eyes without obstructing the view. Mask is made throughout of finest steel wire, extra heavy black finish. Fitted with molded leather chin strap, hair filled pads and special elastic head band.

No. 4-0. Each, \$4.00

A. C. SPALDING & BROS.

Send for Complete Catalogue of Stores in all large cities, all Athletic Sports, See inside cover page of this book.

Special Catalogue, showing all colors and qualities, will be mailed on application to any team, together with measurement blank and full instructions for measuring players for uniforms.

The Spalding Uniform No. 0

(Highest Grade Made)

Workmanship and material in this uniform is of the very highest quality throughout. Used exclusively by all league and professional clubs for years past is sufficient evidence of its quality and durability

COLORS

Red Stripe, Green Stripe Navy Blue Check, White Pearl Gray, Yale Gray Light Gray, Black, Green Maroon, Navy Blue, Brown and Cardinal

THE SPALDING Uniform No. 0.

Complete, \$15.00

Net price to clubs ordering for Entire Team. Per suit, \$12.50

Spalding Shirt, any style. Spalding Pants, any style. Spalding Cap, any style. Spalding Cap, any style. Spalding Web Belt, leather lined Spalding Stockings, No. 30 S Striped Stockings in stock colors furnished at No Extra Charge if desired. Special Colors Extra—with single suit, 50c. per pair; with order for entire team, 25c. per pair.

No Extra Charge for lettering shirts with name of club nor for detachable sleeves.

SA SA SA SA SA SA SA

The University Uniform No. 1

In workmanship and quality of material our University Uniform No.1 is equal to our No. 0 Uniform, but slightly lighter

COLORS Same as No. O Uniform

THE UNIVERSITY Uniform No. 1.

Complete, \$12.50

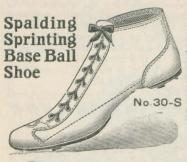
Net price to clubs ordering for Entire Team. Per suit, \$10.00

University Shirt, any style, University Pants, any style, University Cap, any style, University Web Belt, or all leather.

University Stockings, No. 1R.
No. 1RS Striped Stockings
in stock colors furnished at
No Extra Charge if desired.
Special Colors Extra—with
single suit, 50e. per pair;
with order for entire team,
25c. per pair,

A. C. SPALDING & BROS.

Send for Complete Catalogue of all Athletic Sports. Stores in all large cities, See inside cover page of this book,



No. 30-S. Made of selected kangaroo leather and built on our famous running shoc last. This shee is strongly made, and while extremely light in weight, will be found substantial in construction. Hand sewed and a strictly bench made shoe.

Per pair, \$7.00



Spalding throughout and of specially selected kangaroo leather. No pains or expense has been spared in making this shoe not only the very highest in quality. but gerfect in every other detail. The plates are of the finest hand-forged razor steel and are firmly riveted to heel and sole.

Per pair, \$7.00

Spalding
"Featherweight"
Base Ball
Shoe
The Lightest
Base Ball
Shoe ever
made
No. FW

No. FW. Owing to the lightness and fineness of its construction it is suitable for the exacting demands of the fastest players, and is not intended for general use or for the ordinary player. Hand sewed and a strictly bench made shoe.

Size of Shoe. Weight. 5 - 17 02. 6 - 17 ½" 4 7 - 18 " 8 - 19 " 9 - 20 " Per pair, \$7.00

A. C. SPALDING & BROS.

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Stores in all large cities, See inside cover page of this book.

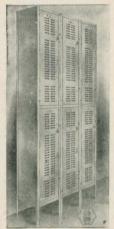
Durand-Steel Lockers

W JOODEN LOCKERS are objectionable because they attract vermin, absorb odors, can be easily broken into, and are dangerous on account of fire. Lockers made from wire mesh or expanded metal afford little security, as they can be easily entered with wire cutters. Clothes placed in them become covered with dust and the lockers themselves presenta poor appearance, resembling animal cages.

Durand-Steel Lockers are made of high-grade steel plates, and are finished with gloss-black Furnace baked Japan (400°), comparable to that used on hospital ware, which will never flake off nor require refinishing, as do paints and enamels.

Durand-Steel Lockers are usually built with doors perforated full length in panel design, with sides and backs

solid.
This
prevents
clothes
in one
locker
from
coming
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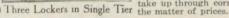


Six Lockers in Double Tier

coming in contact with wet garments in adjoining lockers, while plenty of ventilation is secured by having the door perforated its entire length, but if the purchaser prefers we perforate the backs also.

The cost of Durand-Steel Lockers is no more than that of first-class wooden lockers, and they last as long as the building, are sanitary secure, and in addition, are fire-proof

We are handling lockers as a special contract business, and shipment will in every case be made direct from the factory in Chicago. If you will let us know the number of lockers, size, and arrangement, we shall be glad to take up through correspondence the matter of prices.



A. C. SPALDING & BROS.

Send for Complete Catalogue of all Athletic Sports. Stores in all large cities. See inside cover page of this book.

THE FOLLOWING INDEX FROM SPALDING'S LATEST CATALOGUES WILL GIVE AN IDEA OF THE GREAT VARIETY OF ATHLETIC GOODS MANUFACTURED AND SOLD BY A. G. SPALDING & BROS. : : :

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Who are als spalding + Brow?

Albert G. and J. Walter Spalding commenced business March 1st, 1876, at Chicago, under the firm name A. G. Spalding & Bro., with a capital of \$800. Two years later their brother-in-law, William T. Brown, came into the business, and the firm name

was then changed to A. G. Spalding & Bros.

The business was founded on the Athletic reputation of Mr. A. G. Spalding, who acquired a national prominence in the realm of Sport, as Captain and Pitcher of the Forest City's of Rockford, Ill. (1865-70), the original Boston Base Ball Club (Champions of the United States, 1871-75), and the Chicago Ball Club (1876-77), first Champions of the National League. He was also one of the original organizers, and for many years a director, of the National League of America, the premier Base Ball organization of the world. Mr. Spalding has taken an important part in Base Ball affairs ever since it became the National Game of the United States at the close of the Civil War in 1865. The returning veterans of that War, who had played the game as a camp diversion, disseminated this new American field sport throughout the country, and thus gave it its national character.

Base Ball Goods were the only articles of merchandise carried the first year, the total sales amounting to \$11,000. Gradually implements and accessories of Athletic Sports were added, until the firm now manufacture the requisites for all kinds of Athletic Sports. Originally the firm contracted for their supplies from outside manufacturers, but finding it impossible, by this method, to keep the standard of quality up to their high ideals, they gradually commenced the manufacture of their own goods, and by the acquisition from time to time of various established factories located in different parts of the country, are now able to, and do manufacture in their own factories everything bearing the Spalding Trade-Mark, which stands the world over as a

guarantee of the highest quality.

There are over three thousand persons employed in various capacities in A. G. Spalding & Bros.' factories and stores located in all the leading cities of the United States, Canada and England. A capital of over \$4,000,000 is employed in carrying on this business, and the annual sales exceed the total combined annual sales of all other manufacturers in the world making a similar line

of goods.

A. G. Spalding & Bros. have always taken a leading part in the introduction, encouragement and support of all new Sports and Games, and the prominence attained by Athletic Sports in the United States is in a very great measure due to the energy, enterprise and liberality of this progressive concern. They were the pioneers, and in fact the founders, of the Athletic Goods Trade in America, and are now universally recognized as the undisputed Leaders in the Athletic Goods line throughout the world.

The late Marshall Field of Chicago, America's greatest Merchant, speaking of the business of A. G. Spalding & Bros., said: "I am familiar with its early career, growth and development, and when I compare its unpromising outlook and the special field for its operations that existed at its inception in 1876, with its present magnitude, I consider it one of the most remarkable mercantile successes of the world."

The millions of Athletes using them, and the thousands of Dealers selling them, attest to the High Quality of Spalding's Athletic Goods, and they must determine the future history of this concern.

are the leading manufacturers of athletic Goods in the morld.

